The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1874. VOL. 89.—NO. 260.

DAILY GAZETTE.

SEND THE RETURNS.

We hope our friends in the different wards in the city and in surrounding towns will send us the returns at the earliest practicable moment to-night. We would be glad to receive returns from the various towns in the western part of the State, briefly, but plainly stated, by telegraph.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—The Nevada Republicans estimate that they will carry the State by 500 majority.

—There was a heavy frost and ice in Mobile, Ala., and a killing frost in Pensacola, on Monday morning.

—Street visitations and prayers at the saloons commenced at Washington Court House, Ohio, on Saterday.

—A fire at Painesville, Ohio, on Monday, burned the wooden tooth pick and cigar lighter factory of Pratt Brothers. Loss about $25,000; no insurance.

—Charles H. Noble has been appointed Storekeeper for the Fourth District of Kentucky, and Robert Park Storekeeper for the Third District of Tennessee.

—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a call for five millions of coupon bonds, five-twenties, to be redeemed on February 3d, at which date interest will cease.

—General Shaler, of New York, has accepted, temporarily, the position of "Consulting Engineer" to the Chicago Board of Fire Commissioners. No responsibility is attached to the office.

—Benjamin L. Berry has withdrawn from the contest in the Third Pennsylvania Congressional District, leaving the fight between Samuel J. Randall, Democrat, and David Houston, Republican.

—Bishop Cummins preached in St. Johns, N. B., on Sunday, and administered communion to the members of the church organized there. He will visit other parts of New Brunswick where the movement has extended.

—Governor Allen, of Ohio, has issued a proclamation designating Thursday, the 26th day of November, as a day for Thanksgiving and prayer, in recognition of a custom older than Ohio and in response to the religious sentiment of the State.

—The bids for the Stevens Battery were opened at the State House in Trenton, N. J., on Monday, by the Governor. An agent of the Government put in a bid of $145,000, with the condition that it shall be ratified by Congress. John Roach bid $105,000. No award was made.

—The Court of Common Pleas in Toledo, Ohio, Judge Collins presiding, has rendered a decision in the Catholic Cemetery case, refusing to grant the injunction applied for by John Wynn to prevent interference by Father O'Rielly in the burial in St. Francis de Sales Cemetery of Wynn's wife, a non-communicant.

—Fires in nine forests in the southern part of Fairfield county, Ohio, sent such dense smoke into Lancaster on Monday that gas lamps had to be lighted. Forest fires between Cambridge and Connellsville, Ross county, have destroyed crops, fences, live stock and houses, so as to leave many farmers destitute.

—Information has been received by the family of Hon. E. Ramsey Wing, U. S. Minister to Ecuador, of his death at Quito, on October 11th. He had been in bad health for some time past, and several months since resigned his position, but was unable to start upon his journey home. He was the youngest man that ever represented our Government in a foreign mission, being only thirty at the time of his death.

—There was considerable excitement in the usually quiet town of Norwalk, Ohio, on Monday, in consequence of the discharge of a number of employes from the railroad shops, including the master mechanic and the foremen of the various departments. A suspicion has existed for some time that all was not right, and the company employed detectives to ferret out the mischief, which resulted in the discharge of most of the heads of departments, together with ten or a dozen of the machinists.

—On Sunday a Swede named Huy, residing in Memphis, accompanied by his little daughter, aged ten, went nutting over the river in Arkansas, and took his gun with him. In the evening, on returning across the river at Hopefield, he was accosted by two armed negroes, who ordered him to deliver up his gun, and on his refusal one of them pushed his little girl aside, while the other fired two loads of bird-shot into his face and body. Huy fired in turn, lodging a similar charge into the face of the negro who had shot him. In a few moments he was surrounded by a crowd of angry negroes, who started with him for Marion, since when nothing has been heard of him by his friends.

STATE BREVITIES.

FRANKLIN will have "lectures" this winter.

DOG FIGHTS are the Sunday amusement in Oil City.

A BERKS COUNTY turkey owns up to 107 eggs since spring.

CANARY BIRD raising is becoming quite an item of interest in Conemaugh borough, Cambria county.

THE wages of the journeymen painters have been reduced in Reading from $2.25 to $2.00 per day.

CHESTNUTS are reported unusually abundant in the mountains. They are selling this early in the season at $2.50 per bushel.

GREENVILLE boasts of having erected twenty-eight new business houses within the past year—and considers that well done for a village.

RUMOR has it that several more of Meadville's belles are to be carried off in a few days. Will our young bachelors sit idly by and see the fair ones placing their lives and fortunes at the option of Pittsburghers, St. Louisans, &c.?—*Meadville Republican.*

THE number of miles of railway controlled by the Pennsylvania Railroad company is about 860 greater than the whole railroad mileage of the State of New York, and about 200 greater than that of New England. The annual rental of its leased loans is nearly $12,000,000.

FROM personal observation and inquiry, we find that the wheat in this county never looked more promising or showed a finer appearance than at present. Where timothy has been sown, it gives every indication of having "taken" well, and both of these valuable crops appear to enter the winter with every prospect of producing a plenteous yield. The area sown is greatly increased over last year, especially in this immediate vicinity, the yield last year having been so large as to tend to this result.—*Connéautville Courier.*

A RURAL CONCERT.

An Evening of Sweet Song—An Enjoyable Entertainment at Bridgeville.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

OAKDALE, Pa., October 30, 1874.

We attended a grand vocal concert at Bridgeville on Tuesday evening, Oct. 27th.

The concert was given by the choir of the Bridgeville chapel, Prof. George Alexander, leader, assisted by Prof. Harry Horner, Dr. J. Guy McCandless, and George Petty. Prof. S. Bissell, organist. The concert was opened by the choir singing "Hark, the Song of Jubilee," written by W. B. Bradbury. This anthem was well rendered. George Alexander, Jr., and G. McCandless, Geo. Petty and Harry Horner sang a quartette entitled "Tell me, ye Winged Winds." These performers are so favorably known in musical circles that it is unnecessary to occupy space in eulogizing their singing. The "Old Mountain Pine," by the choir, a fine piece of music well performed. "Whispering Hope," a duet, by the Misses Winstein, was one of the finest selections of the evening. The "Laughing Glee," by Horner and Alexander, was natural. "O, Restless Sea," a trio, by Dr. McCandless, George Alexander and George Petty, a difficult piece of music well performed. "Dreaming of Home," by the choir, was good. "Call John," by McCandless, Alexander and Horner, merited and received an encore. The "Land of Dreams," a quartette, was splendid. We felt sorry when the song was concluded. "Baby's Gone to Sleep," solo by Miss Linnie Jordan, was another of the many fine selections. Miss J. possesses a very sweet soprano voice, although not loud; yet its sweetness at once commands the attention of the audience.

But time will not allow us to enumerate all the good pieces we had the pleasure of hearing. The concert was a success, both musically and financially. After singing the long meter doxology to the tune "Old Hundred," the audience were dismissed—when all returned to their homes well pleased with the evening's pleasure. "JONES."

FIRST EDITION.

THE CAPITAL.

Public Debt Statement.

Reduction During October $681,434.

Report of the Chief of the Ordnance Department.

The Sale of the Allegheny Arsenal Recommended.

WASHINGTON, November 2, 1874.

Public Debt Statement.

The following is a synopsis of the public debt statement for the month ending October 31:

Six per cent. bonds	$1,182,183,250
Five per cent. bonds	538,525,200
Total coin bonds	$1,720,708,450
Lawful money debt	$ 14,678,000
Matured debt	20,748,960
Legal tenders	382,075,267
Certificates of deposit	52,525,000
Fractional currency	48,151,024
Coin certificates	22,070,400
Total without interest	$ 504,821,692
Total debt	$2,260,957,102
Total interest	37,115,670
CASH IN TREASURY.	
Coin	$ 90,089,241
Currency	16,936,770
Special deposits held for redemption of certificates of deposit	52,525,000
Total in Treasury	$ 159,011,011
Debt less cash in Treasury	$2,139,061,761
Decrease during October	681,434

BONDS ISSUED TO PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANIES, INTEREST PAYABLE IN LAWFUL MONEY.

Principal outstanding	$ 64,623,512
Interest accrued and not yet paid	1,292,470
Interest paid by United States	24,325,396
Interest repaid by the transportation of mails, &c.	5,497,233
Balance of interest paid by the United States	18,828,143

The Safe Burglary Trial.

John E. Burr, William Daily and H. Goldstine were the witnesses examined today in the so-called safe burglary trial. Owing to the absence of other witnesses the Court took a recess.

After the recess Geo. Gilbert, Mary Fee, who lives with Mrs. Hayes, Gustav Zirrith, Jr., Henry Zirruth and W. W. Dermaine were sworn. Their testimony was in confirmation of portions of the evidence given by Zirruth and Hayes.

Mrs. Hayes was sworn, but the Judge requested Mr. Riddle to show him some authority of law to allow a wife to testify where the husband was an accomplice, and the witness was withdrawn until authority be produced.

Columbus Alexander was sworn. He testified that the books of John O. Evans were produced before the committee investigating the affairs of the District of Columbia. The books had a new appearance, and it was the general belief that they were not the original books, but a set prepared for the occasion. When witness desired to examine them Harrington objected. Shortly after Demaine introduced to witness a man called Butler, who said he could put witness in possession of the original books of Evans, and asked what he would pay. Witness said he would not pay for any testimony, but if the books were out of town he would pay the expressage or expense incurred in procuring them. Neither witness nor any of his family heard the bell ring at his house on the night of the burglary, or anything unusual about the house. Witness heard of the burglary on the morning of April 24, and heard that his name was connected with it, and lost no time in getting to the Capitol. Witness had nothing whatever to do with the burglary in any manner, shape or form.

This closed the direct examination of Mr. Alexander.

Adjourned.

The Ordnance Department.

General Benet, Chief of the Ordnance Department, says, in his annual report, that not less than half a million dollars should be annually expended at the national armory, not only as a measure of economy in reproducing the best arms for the least money, but in the interests of the country, to make a gradual but sure accumulation of the best weapons as a reserve in case of war. Certainly not less than half a million of the best arms should be manufactured as rapidly as the monetary condition of the country will permit.

General Benet says a board composed of Majors Crispen, Treadwell and Baylor, of the Ordnance Department, was authorized, and after several months of patient and careful investigation, has made its report. The board strongly recommends the retention of the Springfield armory and the Frankford arsenal, and the establishment of a grand arsenal in the vicinity of New York for manufacturing purposes, retaining also the Indianapolis arsenal, in Indiana; Kennebec arsenal, Maine; Fort Monroe arsenal, Virginia, and Augusta arsenal, Georgia, as places for storage and repair. They recommend the sale of the Allegheny, Columbus, Detroit, Pikesville, Watervelt, Watertown and Washington arsenals, the sales to be made as rapidly as circumstances may permit, the proceeds to be devoted to the purchase of a site and the erection of a building for a grand arsenal.

He says: I heartily concur in these recommendations, and invoke favorable consideration on the part of the Secretary of War and of Congress.

The Contumacious Credit Mobilier Witness.

In the Circuit Court to-day the cases of Joseph B. Stewart against James G. Blaine, and the same against N. G. Ordway, petitions for false arrest and assault and battery in locking him up as a contumacious witness before Congress in the Credit Mobilier cases, were certified to the Court in general term.

FOREIGN.

SPAIN.

Proposed General Release of Prisoners on Both Sides.

ESTELLA, SPAIN, October 28, via LONDON, November 2.—Three Cuban delegates have arrived at the Carlist headquarters, authorized by the Madrid Government to propose a general release of prisoners on both sides, with the purpose of sending them to Cuba to quell the insurrection. Don Carlos is willing to release the Republican prisoners on these terms, but refuses to agree that Carlist volunteers now prisoners shall embark for Cuba unless on their own consent. He cannot sanction their compulsory transportation to a distant and unhealthy country.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Direct Cable Recovered.

LONDON, November 2.—The cable of the Direct United States Company, which parted and was lost while being laid by the Faraday, has been picked up by that vessel in latitude 50.31, longitude 24.19, at a depth of 1,871 fathoms. The cable is in perfect condition. It was spliced to that portion remaining on the Faraday this morning, and the work of paying out again commenced.

FRANCE.

Returns of the Late Election.

PARIS, November 2.—Complete returns of the election held yesterday in Pas De Calais, for Deputy, show that Dellisse Engrand, a Bonapartist, was chosen by a decided majority.

Bloody Murder in St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, MINN., November 2.—Last night a bloody murder was committed on Tenth street, this city. Jos. Lick and wife, returning home about half past ten, were attacked by George Lauchtenschlager and George Rapp and his wife, who were evidently lying in wait. Mrs. Lick was brutally murdered on the spot, the instrument used being a hatchet, which was afterward found. She was terribly mutilated. Mr. Rapp and wife set upon Mr. Lick, the woman with a knife and the man with a tinner's soldering iron. Lick, prostrate, was turned over on his face in a small creek running through the yard, and Rapp soon upon the back of Lick's neck to hold his face in the water until strangulation should ensue. Rapp was frightened by approaching footsteps. Lick was picked up insensible, but may yet die from his wounds. He does not yet know that his wife is dead. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of "willful murder" against all of the assailants, who are in custody.

Turf Notes.

TRENTON, N. J., November 2.—The race at Fashion Stud Farm to-day between Jay Gould's dud Sensation was won by the former. Time 2:22½, 2:22½, and 2:27.

Goldsmith Maid trotted against time, with a running mate, in 2:18.

A HUNTINGDON paper says: "In a graphic description of General Lee's entrance into Chambersburg at the head of the rebel army in 1863, published in the *Guardian*, the young man who is described as making his way through the enemy's picket line and carrying a concealed dispatch over the mountains to the Pennsylvania Railroad, was Stephen W. Pomeroy, then of Roxbury, Franklin county, and now pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Mount Union, this county."

RELIGIOUS.

Protestant Episcopal Convention.

NEW YORK, November 2.—The Episcopal General Convention resumed its session this morning.

The report of the joint committee to prepare a new Lectionary for the week days in Lent came up for action, together with a message from the House of Bishops recommending that the table of lessons reported by the joint committee be adopted until the next meeting of the General Convention, provided that the Bishops of each diocese should approve of it.

The Rev. Alfred B. Beach offered the following amendment to the message from the House of Bishops:

Resolved, That the Lectionary for Lent, together with the Rogation and Ember days, as proposed by the House of Bishops, is hereby approved of as an addition to the Prayer Book, and that it be made known by the Secretary of this body to the conventions of the several dioceses of this Church, in accordance with article eight of the Constitution, for final action by the next General Convention.

Rev. Dr. Fuller, of Alabama, offered an amendment to this amendment that there be added to article eight of the Constitution the following clause: "Provided, however, that the Lectionary may be changed at any time with the concurrence of both houses of the Convention."

A message from the House of Bishops was read expressing approval at the approaching union in sympathy between the Russo-Greek and this Church, hoping for a further order for inter-communion between both Churches.

After a long discussion the latter amendment was lost and the former carried, and the message thus amended was adopted.

The committee on the translation of the Prayer Book into German was continued, and a deputation to the next Provincial Synod of Canada was appointed.

The resolutions reported by the Committee on Prayer Book touching the introduction of a Colon in the Psalter were then taken up for action.

Rev. Dr. Hubbard, of New Hamsphire, offered as an additional resolution that the resolution of the committee be sent to the different dioceses for their action, and passed at the next General Convention.

The matter called up a lengthy discussion, and finally, on motion, it was laid on the table.

Messages from the House of Bishops informed the House of Deputies they had appointed the following as the committee on legislation necessary to increase the efficiency in the government of the Theological Seminary: The Bishops of Pittsburgh and North Carolina; concerning message 76, appointing as an additional member of the Joint Committee on Ecclesiastical Relations the Bishop of Central New York; concurring in message No. 70, appointing Rev. T. Webb on the Joint Committee on Stereotype Plates of the Prayer Book, and not concurring in message 83, as to the matter of adjournment, and asking for a committee of conference.

Another message informed the House that the House of Bishops did not concur in message 87, and a resolution approving the report of the Committee on Church Music was concurred in.

The report of the Committee on Canon No. 19, to whom was referred the proposed amendment to canon 20, title 1, intended to provide for the use of shortened services, was then taken up. The committee submit resolutions disclaiming that it was the sense of this Convention that nothing in the present order of common prayer prohibited the separation, when desirable, of the morning prayer, litany and the order for the administration of the Lord's Supper into distinct services, which may be used independently of each other, and either of them gathering them other, providing when used together that they be used in the same order as that in which they stand and are used in the Book of Common Prayer, and asking for the appointment of a joint committee of seven Bishops, seven presbyters and seven laymen, to consider the whole subject of rubrical revision, with shortened and more varied services, to report at the next General Convention.

A message from the House of Bishops informed the House of Deputies that they did not concur in the message from the lower House with regard to the new Lectionary.

Another message, recommending that the House adjourn finally to-morrow evening at half-past seven, after devotional exercises and hearing the pastoral letter, was concurred in by a unanimous vote.

The report of the Committee on Canon No. 19, with that portion relating to the separation of services, was adopted, while the latter part, recommending a Commission on Rubrical Revision, caused great discussion. A motion to lay the whole subject on the table was lost. A vote was taken on the adoption of the first portion of the report, relating to a Commission on Rubrical Revision, and lost, by a vote of 53 ayes to 66 nays.

A message from the House of Bishops was concurred in continuing the Joint Committee on German Prayer Book.

The Convention then went into secret session over the confirmation of Rev. Dr. Adams, resulting in his being confirmed by a vote of 38 clergymen and 26 laymen.

The Committee of Conference to whom was referred the matter of a new Lectionary reported an amendment to article 8 of the Constitution, giving the Convention power to amend the Lectionary from time to time. A vote on this report was taken by dioceses and orders, and adopted, with the following result: Clergymen—ayes, 31; noes, 8, divided, 1. Laymen—ayes, 22; noes, 3; divided, 1.

On motion, the Committee on Lectionary was continued until the next General Convention.

The Committee on Canons, to whom was referred the matter of disputes between congregations and their ministers, reported in favor of establishing a board of arbitration to enquire into existing differences and submit their decision to the congregation, and if they should not agree to it, the congregation should be withdrawn from representation in the Convention.

The hour of adjournment having arrived, no action was taken on the report.

Rev. Dr. Seymour's Case.

NEW YORK, November 2.—During the session of the Episcopal Convention to-day, George Henry Higgins, presbyter of the diocese of Illinois, rector of the parish of Trinity, Lincoln, Ill., circulated among the members a card stating that Rev. Dr. Seymour was totally ignorant of a meeting between the students of the General Theological Seminary and Rev. C. C. Grafton, of Boston, until apprised of the same by the Professor of Systematic Theology. The first meeting with Grafton was of a private social nature, and the second meeting was the result of an unpremeditated request made by the students. Nothing in reference to Holy Communion was discussed either evening, nothing in regard to the existence of the affairs or doctrines of C. B. S. was even mentioned. The meeting was an open one, and Dr. Seymour knew nothing whatever of it at the time. The card bears the signature of the students who were present at Mr. Grafton's discourse.

Disaster on Lake Superior.

ST. PAUL, MINN., November 2.—The steamer Lotta Bernard, Captain Morris, of Duluth, bound from Pigeon river to Duluth, foundered in Lake Superior on the 29th ult., during a fearful gale, which swept the decks and finally extinguished the fires. The persons on board were one passenger, Willie Blanchard, and a crew of fourteen. Blanchard and one deck hand were drowned by the upsetting of a boat. The remaining thirteen succeeded in launching large yawls, and after untold privations reached shore on Thursday. After traveling about five miles on the north shore they found a fishing settlement, where they obtained shelter and sent aid to those who were too exhausted to walk. On being found, one was dead and the other two nearly so. They were taken to the wigwams, and are now doing well. Ingalls & Co., of Duluth, were the owners of the boat.

Fun at a Nantucket Cattle Fair.

Says a correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser:* In the afternoon the sport began with a procession of several delegates from the grand conclave of "Antiques and Horribles and Bungtown Fusileers," in secret assembly at Egypt, Nantucket. After perambulating round the track to the amusement of the spectators, they dismounted and gave way to the "apple race." This was really the most exciting race that has taken place during the fair. Twenty boys were ranged along one side of an inclosed space, each boy by the side of a bucket containing twenty apples, and fifty feet from them, on the opposite side, there were an equal number of empty buckets. The winner of the race was he who could quickest deposit his apples in the opposite pail, one at a time, and all to start at a given signal. It was a comical sight to see the bare-legged urchins hastening to and fro, between their respective pails. Following this race a number of boys were blindfolded and instructed to trundle a handbarrow against a flour barrel standing in the centre of the inclosure. This excited quite as much laughter as the apple race. Next came the race of the afternoon, in which two horses imported from the mainland contested with the native animals for a purse of $100. The contest was devoid of interest after the first heat, when the native horse was withdrawn. The time of the winning horse was in the neighborhood of three minutes. The public exercises on the track being over, a general invitation was extended to all drivers of fast horses to speed them on the track. It was accepted with an alacrity that was quite astonishing. Several amusing incidents followed. Notably that of a young man driving a horse whose every step proclaimed "sounds from the tombs," racing him against a carryall containing a hilarious party, ambled along by another unfortunate in the animal line, produced great excitement along the homestretch.

PEOPLE who contemplate visiting Chicago should exercise some judgment in selecting their hotel. The "Sherman House" is at the head of the list.

SECOND EDITION

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

Philadelphia's Greeting.

12,000 Republican Majority Promised on the State Ticket.

Special Dispatch Pittsburgh Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA, October 2, 1874.

The Republican managers of this city closed an exceedingly exciting and thorough canvass to-night. As a result of their labors they are confident that the city will give twelve thousand majority for the State ticket, that the State ticket will be elected by a majority of 15,000, and that every man upon the city ticket, including Col. Mann, will be elected by a majority of thousands. At these figures thousands of dollars have been wagered to-night, and the leaders and the party are confident of to-morrow's voting. This is Philadelphia's greeting to the country. A. D.

LOUISIANA ELECTION.

A Victory Claimed by Both Parties.

Poll Book and Ballot Box Stolen in Farmersville.

NEW ORLEANS, November 2.—The election passed off quietly. No official returns are received, but the indications are that the city has gone Conservative by from twelve to thirteen thousand majority. Many prominent Conservatives claim fifteen thousand majority in the city. It is generally believed that Gibson has defeated Sypher for Congress in the First District. The Conservatives claim the election of Ellis in the Second District, though the race will be very close. The Democrats claim the State by from three to five thousand majority. Yesterday the Republicans estimated that they would carry the State by twenty thousand, now the most sanguine only claim it by ten thousand; others by a small majority.

The vote for Congressmen in the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Districts will be very close, from present indications. All points heard from report a heavy colored vote for the Conservatives. It is estimated that 20 per cent. of the colored vote was polled.

Telegrams from fourteen stations in the parishes report that the election passed off quietly.

Gov. Kellogg to-night thinks the Republicans will carry the State by a good majority, and elect four, probably five, and possibly six Congressmen. Governor McEnery thinks the Conservatives will carry the State by a small majority and elect three Congressmen.

Midnight.—No returns have been received of the city vote, but enough is known to warrant the statement that the Conservatives have certainly not less than 10,000, and possibly 15,000 majority.

Reports from the parishes are meagre, but show Conservative gains over the vote of 1872. The indications are that the vote in the State will be close. The Conservatives claim four Congressmen. The Republicans admit the loss of only one. No disturbance is reported from any quarter.

SHREVEPORT, November 2.—Business was fairly suspended here to-day. The election passed off in the most quiet and orderly manner. The ballots are now being counted. The Conservative ticket is ahead in Spring Ridge, Summer Grove and Mooringsport. The vote on the State ticket in the city is very close, not more than 200 majority either way. The election of the entire Conservative city ticket is conceded. The Conservatives claim the parish by from three to five hundred. Many negroes voted with the white people. The Republicans admit that the arrest of merchants was bad policy, as many who had not taken part in politics closed their stores and left places of business and engaged actively in the canvass. One ward in De Soto parish reports a heavy Conservative majority.

The *Times'* special correspondent says Claybornie parish gives 700 Conservative majority. A special to the same paper from Mindon claims 300 Conservative majority in Webster.

The *Evening Telegram*, Republican, says: We are satisfied that there has been a full and free election, and that both parties will abide by the expressed will of the people through the ballot box.

Poll Books and Ballot Box Stolen.

FARMERSVILLE, LA., November 2.—The poll book and ballot box of the Farmersville polls, and the book of the original registration of Union Parish were stolen on Sunday night from the Sheriff's office. The election is progressing at the polls under the advice of Judge Trimble, who will maintain the legality of the polling in case of a contest between local and State tickets. Trimble is a Republican, but will not sanction any attempt to deprive Democrats of their legal majority in the Parish.

WEATHER REPORT.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, Pa., November 2, 1874.

Time.	Bar.	Ther.	Humid.	Wind.	Weather.
7 A. M.	30:29	31	79	Calm.	Foggy.
2 P. M.	30:29	53	24	S. W.	Fair.
9 P. M.	30:25	43	51	S. W.	Foggy.

Mean Barometer, 30:25.
Mean Thermometer 42.
Highest Thermometer, 53.
Lowest Thermometer 31.

GEO. H. ROHE,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

Daily Bulletin.

OFFICE OF OBSERVATORY,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 2, 1874, 10:48 P. M.

The weather at Cairo was foggy, thermometer 51; Cincinnati, clear, thermometer 48; Davenport, Iowa, clear, thermometer 51; Fort Gibson, I. T., clear, thermometer 50; Fort Sully, clear, thermometer 29; Indianapolis, clear, thermometer 50; Keokuk, clear, thermometer 56; La Crosse, clear, thermometer 49; Leavenworth, clear, thermometer 50; Louisville, clear, thermometer 46; Memphis, Tenn., clear, thermometer 47; Nashville, Tenn., clear, thermometer 41; Omaha, Neb., clear, thermometer 43; Pittsburgh, fogg, thermometer 39; Shreveport, fair, thermometer 43; St. Louis, Mo., clear, thermometer 54; St. Paul, clear, thermometer 39; Vicksburg, Miss., clear, thermometer 46; Yankton, clear, thermometer 31; North Platte, clear, thermometer 40.

GEO. H. ROHE,
Sergt., Sig. Service, U. S. A.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., 1 A. M., Nov. 2, 1874.

Probabilities for To-Day.

For New England and the Middle States, cold and hazy weather, south and west winds, and high barometer.

CITY ROAD MATTERS.

A Want of Funds Discovered.

The Road Committee of Pittsburgh Councils held a regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon.

Pay rolls were approved as follows:

First district	$661 85
Second "	1,021 55
Third "	602 39
Total	$2,285 79

The Clerk read the following statement of the standing of the appropriations at present:

First district	$2,686 02
Second "	2,958 46
Third "	875 48
Total balance	$6,519 96

From which Bradley's bill for Sylvan avenue bridge, amounting to $3,600, must be deducted, which leaves $2,919.96. Deducting the amount of the pay-rolls for October, $2,285.79, leaves $634.17 to meet the expenses for the next four months. The Commissioners' salaries during that time alone, exclusive of the salary of hands and monthly bills, will amount to $1,000.

Mr. Scully moved that all labor and purchase of materials for the three road districts for the balance of the fiscal year (up to March 1st) be suspended. Passed.

A petition was read for the opening of Murray avenue and an ordinance ordered.

The chairman read an ordinance vacating a portion of the northern sidewalk on Second avenue, from the eastern boundary line of property of E. W. H. Schenley and wife for the distance of 1,400 feet eastward, which was affirmatively recommended to Councils.

An ordinance was also ordered for the locating and opening of Lake street, from Wilson street to Fifth avenue, Twenty-first ward.

An ordinance was also read for the opening of Spring street from Larimer avenue to Fifth avenue.

Adjourned.

Stereoscope Views of
England, Ireland, Scotland,
France, Germany, Italy,
China, Japan, Venice, &c.,
At J. E. WELDIN & CO.'S,
101 Wood street.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

····Send the returns to headquarters to-night.

····A nipping and eager air will make it pleasant for workers around the polls to-day.

····A brass reducer was lost from the wagon of Hose Company No. 1, on Saturday evening. The person finding it is requested to return it to Chief Engineer White.

····The cigar store at No. 53 Fourth avenue was entered on Sunday night and five boxes of cigars, five dollars in money, a quantity of clay pipes and a silver watch stolen.

····Mr. Adolph Wray, proprietor of a livery stable on First street, Allegheny, was assaulted on last Friday evening by an unknown party, who attempted to rob him, but failed. His assailant escaped without being arrested.

····Cyrus Roberts, who is suspected of having been concerned in the robbery of George Jenkins' tobacco store on Fulton street, in May last, was arrested yesterday by Officer Robert Fowler and held in $1,000 bail for a hearing.

····Yesterday about noon a little girl by the name Breidweizer, whose parents reside at the corner of Washington and Seventeenth streets, on the South Side, was severely burned by her clothes catching fire. Her injuries are of a serious nature, but may not prove fatal.

····Sheriff Hare reported everything quiet at the Armstrong coal mines, opposite Buena Vista, yesterday. No dispatch has, as yet, been received from the Governor in reply to a message forwarded on Saturday. A communication was received from Gov. Hartranft's private secretary stating that he was absent from the capital.

····An inquest was held on the body of Joseph Stakely, yesterday, who dropped dead while assisting in driving a flock of sheep to this city on the Perrysville road. Deceased was a single man, twenty-one years of age, and lived in the Tenth ward, Pittsburgh. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death from apoplexy.

····A preliminary injunction was granted in the District Court yesterday, in the case of Ezra Bennett vs. James S. Neal, Isaac and Henry Jackson. The plaintiff asserted the court to restrain the defendants who were quarrying stone on his premises, from allowing the *debris* to fall on his grounds on Brownsville avenue, South Side.

····During the past month the letter carriers of Allegheny delivered the following amount of mail matter: Mail letters 86,732; mail postal cards 5,444; local letters 11,113; local postal cards 2,110; papers 45,083; registered letters 181. They also collected the following: Mail letters 78,304; mail cards 6,225; local letters 4,406; papers 3,882.

····An Irishman living in South Pittsburgh was seriously injured yesterday at the saw mill of Knox & Kim, on the South Side, while assisting in rolling a log up an inclined plane. The lever which he was using slipped, and the log came toward him, and being unable to get out of the way, it passed over his body bruising him quite severely.

····William Lang, a former member of the Opera House Theatrical Company, was arrested on Monday evening on a charge of larceny. When secured he had in his possession a horse blanket, identified as the property of Mr. Knoes, a saloon keeper of Bingham street, who alleges that it was stolen from his house, and a vest and coat belonging to Mr. Ott, who alleges that they were stolen from him. The accused was committed for trial.

····Autumn leaves and ferns make nice ornaments for winter. To preserve the leaves they should be pressed as soon as possible after gathering them. Take a moderately heated iron, rub it lightly with spermaceti, lay the leaf on a few thicknesses of paper and press the right side of the leaf. Let the iron stand on it a few seconds. This method of pressing not only fastens the colors, but gives them a gloss which renders their color more brilliant than in their natural state.

····A number of burglaries have been perpetrated in the Twelfth ward. Among the houses entered was the residence of Robert Liddell, on Sunday morning, but the thieves got nothing for their trouble. A meat shop on Penn street, between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, was entered on Sunday morning also, and eighty-four dollars stolen. Another residence was broken open, and the inmates relieved of ninety dollars in cash. There is no clue to the thieves.

····A bill in equity was filed in the Common Pleas Court yesterday, by James Old against Fred Heyl, William Femme, Henry Femme and John Speer. It is set forth by the plaintiff that two of the defendants, being surties had agreed to take sand out of his premises, for which they were to pay him three cents per bushel. The complainant alleges that the contract has not been fulfilled, and asks the court for an adjustment of the affairs and for damages sustained to the property.

PERSONAL.

***Vignaux and Ubassy, who are in the city attending the Billiard Tournament, are stopping at the St. Clair Hotel.

***Quite a number of friends made a surprise visit, chiefly connected with the Beaver M. E. Sunday School, Dr. R. T. Taylor, Superintendent, to the residence of John F. Dravo, Esq., on Thursday evening last, the date of his birth-anniversary. Mr. Dravo was presented with an elegant secretary and chair, by Mr. C. A. Giffin in a neat speech, to which he responded, and afterwards ice cream and cake were enjoyed. The affair was so well managed that Mr. Dravo was not aware of anything until he was ushered into his crowded parlors.

Pittsburgh Gymnastic Association.

Last evening the first regular meeting of the Pittsburgh Gymnastic Association was held at the rooms in Turner Hall—the occasion being the opening of the Gymnastic hall for the members. There were present a number of visitors in addition to the members, and exercises were gone through with by the Foster Bros., celebrated gymnasts, and Messrs. Adam Grabenstein, Christ Hauch and Mr. Milestein. The first meeting was a pleasant one, and gave the members of the Association additional encouragement for pushing forward their enterprise. The Association starts out auspiciously, and there is every promise of a marked success.

The Only Fine and Artistic Line of Stereoscopic Views

to be found in the city, including all the first-class lines of London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Milan, is at

J. E. WELDIN & CO.'S,
101 Wood street.

European Steamship Arrivals.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship, Exchange and Telegraph Office, at No. 163 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the steamer Devenaic, at New York; steamer Batavia, at New York; steamer France, at New York; steamer Weser, at Southampton; steamer Cambria, at Queenstown; steamer Minnesota, at Queenstown; steamer Illinois, at Philadelphia.

POLITICAL.

Election Returns!

Republican Election Officers and Others

Are particularly requested to send or bring FULL RETURNS OF THE ELECTION TO-DAY upon the slips furnished at each of the polls, to the

LINCOLN CLUB ROOMS,

From whence they will be announced publicly and then given to the press,

SAMUEL P. FULTON,
Chairman County Committee.

no3

DIVIDENDS.

THE IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., NOV. 2, 1874.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of SEVEN PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives on and after the 12th inst., free of tax.

no3:143 GEO. R. DUNCAN, Cashier.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, October 31, 1874.

DIVIDEND.—THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders on and after November 9th, next, free of all taxes.

no2 JOSEPH LAURENT, Cashier.

MEETINGS.

OFFICE LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA,
ST. LOUIS, October 16, 1874.

NOTICE.—A MEETING OF THE members of the Life Association of America will be held at the office of the Association in St. Louis, Mo., on the 12TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1874, at 10 o'clock in the morning to consider and take action upon certain proposed amendments to the charter of the Association.

By order of the Board of Directors.

o30:133 H. W. HOUGH, President.

LOST.

LOST—A WHITE ESQUIMAUX DOG—which answers to the name of DICK. He followed a Pleasant Valley Car from Allegheny to Pittsburgh, Monday afternoon, and was last seen on Penn street, above Ninth. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving him at 223 Allegheny avenue, Allegheny City, or 96 Water street, Pittsburgh.

no3:144 JOHN S. SLAGLE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE PIONEER

LAMP, OIL AND GLASSWARE HOUSE.

R. P. WALLACE & CO.,

No. 39 Wood Street, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers and Jobbers in Oils, Lamps, Chandeliers; also, Window Glass, Prescription Vials and Table Glassware. The attention of cash and short time buyers is invited to our large and well assorted stock, which we are prepared to offer at the lowest prices yet reached.

R. P. WALLACE & CO.

GREAT BARGAINS.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE OF

DRY GOODS,

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY, COMMENCING

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 27TH, 1874,

The entire Stock of Dry Goods of J. & A. T. DOUTHETT, No. 146 FEDERAL STREET AND DIAMOND, ALLEGHENY CITY,

Will be offered for sale in quantities to suit the purchaser. The stock is of the first quality. A large portion of the stock consists of

Jeans, Cassimeres, Flannels, Alpacas, Jap. Silks, Fancy Dress Goods, Poplins, French Merinos, Plaids, &c., &c.

A large portion of the Fancy Dress Goods, Plaids and Shawls will be sold at from 25 to 50 PER CENT. LESS THAN

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED.
T. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING.
GEO. W. REED.

KING, REED & CO., Editors & Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1874:

DAILY GAZETTE.

POSTAGE PRE-PAID.

By mail, per annum	$10 00
By mail for six months	5 00
By mail for three months	2 50
By mail for one month	1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

POSTAGE PRE-PAID

Single Subscribers	$1 75
Clubs of five	1 50
Clubs of ten	1 40

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1874.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE TICKET.

JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT.
HON. E. M. PAXSON, of Philadelphia.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
HON. A. G. OLMSTED, of Potter.
AUDITOR GENERAL.
GENERAL HARRISON ALLEN, of Warren.
SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS.
COLONEL R. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill.

COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS.
Twenty-second District.
JAMES S. NEGLEY, Pittsburgh.
Twenty-third District.
THOMAS M. BAYNE, Allegheny.
STATE SENATE.
Forty-second District.
HUGH McNEIL, Allegheny.
Forty-fourth District.
JNO. C. NEWMEYER, Wilkins township.
Forty-fifth District.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS, Pittsburgh.
ASSEMBLY.
First District.
HENRY M. LONG.
W. H. GRAHAM.
HENRY GETWING.
Second District.
CHARLES JEREMY.
JAMES ONSLOW.
Third District.
THOMAS ROWSWELL.
Fourth District.
D. H. MORRISON.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT.
S. P. McCORD.
JAMES LARIMER.
Fifth District.
E. C. CHRISTY, Sewickley.
H. K. SAMPLE.
Sixth District.
A. B. YOUNG.
GEORGE ARCHIBALD.
JUDGE ORPHANS' COURT.
W. G. HAWKINS, Jr., Wilkins.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
E. A. MONTOOTH, Pittsburgh.
ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY.
JOHN A. McQUAIDE, Esq.
COMMISSIONER.
G. W. WEDDELL, McKeesport.
DIRECTOR OF POOR.
HENRY R. CHALFANT.

BONDS at Frankfort 97½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 23f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¾

THE reduction of the public debt during October was $681,433.50.

REMEMBER that Hopkins and Cochran cannot help voting for Free Trade, if elected.

THE Bonapartists have achieved another triumph, having elected another member to the National Assembly over the Republicans.

THE last days of the Carlist struggle are come, and even Don Carlos seems to have lost heart. Thus ends a dream once bright, but now gloomy and fruitless.

BISMARCK is doing more than ever to widen the breach between the Empire and the Pope. He has carried it, as a Governmental measure, into the Reichstag.

YESTERDAY was the day for the holding of the Louisiana election. We shall now have a settlement of existing troubles or a new howl over dishonesty and the like. The only way of dealing with affairs in that State is to let them fight it out, and then learn the lesson that peace and a respect for the rights of the majority are what should rule.

THE Chinese and Japanese Governments are seeking to settle their differences amicably, and the prospects now are that war will be avoided. In the event of war, however, the Chinese Government assures Japanese residents in her territory that they will not be molested. This is an advance in the direction of civilization that is worthy of commendation.

VERY serious intelligence comes from Europe, to the effect that the Democratic successes in Ohio and Indiana, taken with the claim they make that they will carry the elections to-day, have created serious distress in Europe, and stopped the funding of our bonds at a lower rate of interest. The people of Europe distrust the Democratic party of this country.

THE opening by force of the Water Committee safe, was one of those foolish enterprises that indicated more fear than prudence on the part of those involved. If there were bonds in the safe, and the Secretary was sick and the only person that could find access to the safe, it certainly is clear that the bonds in it were entirely free from danger. Proper care and prudence in the management of trusts are entirely proper; but the foolish zeal manifested strikes us as not the thing to commend.

MUCH significance is attached, in Europe, to the movement on the part of Russia, and other powers, to effect a treaty with Roumania, independent of Turkey. The latter power has instructed its representatives at the courts of the several powers interested in the Treaty of Paris to insist on the observance of that Treaty. At the same time, it has intimated to the Roumanian Government that it will compromise with it the difficulty that has arisen. Russia has never let go its hold on the idea that Constantinople is to be her great capital, and that the possession of it will make her mistress of Europe. We can readily see how this is a favorable time for Russia, provided that she is entirely certain that Germany will support her claims, or will not interfere in her ambitious schemes. But Bismarck is very much like the Great Napoleon in this,—that he is jealous of all powers that indicate a purpose to overshadow the greatness of his own Empire. Napoleon went so far as to encourage Alexander to plan the conquest of Turkey; but when the time for action came, refused his consent. Thus affairs stood, until the downfall of the Empire stopped alike the ambitions dreamings of both Napoleon and Alexander. Thus Bismarck may dally with the modern Alexander, but will not allow him to realize his ambitious dreams; but he entertains them all the same.

VOTE TO-DAY.

There are many voters in this county with the clearest convictions that the peace and prosperity of the country depend upon a continuance of Republican rule in the Government, and yet they are easy and careless about attending elections, and aiding by their votes to secure a continuance of Republican rule. We would say to this class of our friends: The election to-day, through recent circumstances, is an unusually important one. There has been no time since the close of the rebellion, when the condition of the country more imperatively demanded Republican success than at the present. It is well known that the Democratic party sympathized heart and soul with the late rebellion, and it is equally well known that if the Republican party had been in power at the commencement of the rebellion it would have been crushed at the onset. And we all know that the Democratic party continues to sympathize heart and soul with the rebellious spirit now rife at the South, and which is only waiting for its Northern ally to regain the ascendancy to break out in armed revolt against the reconstruction measures of the Government. Are our easy-minded friends prepared to renew the scenes of bloodshed consequent upon another rebellion? Such a state of affairs will surely follow Democratic ascendancy in the Government. Another result scarcely less disastrous to the interests of Pennsylvania, would follow Democratic success at this election—a repeal of the present protective tariff. Are our easy-minded friends prepared to see our iron works suspended, our domestic market ruined and thousands of families thrown out of employment and reduced to want? These results will surely follow a repeal of the tariff. Think of these things, easy-minded Republicans, and make an effort to get to the polls and vote to-day.

LAST WORDS.

We do not need to multiply words in appealing to our friends to vote right to-day. All know this. The pending election is in Republican hands. It is for them to divide their strength and be beaten, or to hold together and elect their ticket. If they allow themselves to be beaten, as a rule the Democracy will be the gainers. The outlook has greatly and cheeringly improved for several days past, but we feel that it is important that all should stand by their ticket. The Republican party is all that it ever has been,—and the Democracy does not improve with age. Do not be deceived by wrong tickets. Secure the Republican ticket, and vote it. Be sure to go out to the polls, and equally sure to vote right.

ELECTIONS TO-DAY.

The canvass for the November election, and for the year is, we are glad to say, over. To-day the votes of the people will be cast, and to-morrow we will know the proximate result. Thus far, elections have been held, in nine States, Oregon, North Carolina, Maine, Ohio, Indiana, Iowa, West Virginia, Vermont and Nebraska. There are twenty-four States to elect to-day, and their representation in the present Congress is as follows:

	R.	D.		R.	D.
Alabama	5	3	Minnesota	3	..
Arkansas	3	1	Missouri	4	9
Delaware	1	..	Nevada	1	..
Florida	2	..	New Jersey	6	1
Georgia	3	6	New York	23	10
Illinois	14	5	Pennsylvania	22	5
Kansas	2	..	Rhode Island	2	..
Kentucky	10		South Carolina	5	..
Louisiana	6	..	Tennessee	7	3
Maryland	2	4	Texas		6
Massachusetts	11	..	Virginia		6
Michigan	9	..	Wisconsin	6	2
Total				142	70

California, Mississippi, New Hampshire and Connecticut will elect next Spring. We do not need to go into speculations over the result, as some of our contemporaries have done. We have not yet seen a table of estimates that met our views, and it is idle at this date to compile mere estimates. The Philadelphia *Press*, for example, allows the Democrats a gain of but two in this State, whereas they will probably gain four. On the other hand, Democratic journals claim a gain of five, which is over the mark. The important thing is to guard the result by voting right to-day.

COMING BACK.

We welcome the Chicago *Tribune* back among the Republican dailies of the country, and do it the more willingly we comprehend the influences that carried it out from our ranks for a time. The change is a confession that the best element associated with it were never satisfied with the course it has followed during the years of its aberration, and we suspect that the paper did not prosper as well in its new field as it had done in the old line. We further believe that it would be productive of a more healthful state of things, were all the other journals, which strayed off into the Liberal movement, to return to their allegiance to the Republican party. The *Tribune* comes back with reservations which place it alongside all other reputable Republican journals,—that it will criticise and seek to reform where criticisms and reforms may seem to be needed. This every Republican journal does. Indeed, it has grown to be one of the unformulated doctrines of the Republican party, that where reforms are needed they shall be accomplished within the party. It does what the Democracy never did,—recognizes the fact that rogues may foist themselves upon it, and avows its purpose, when they are discovered, to do its utmost to compel them to honesty or to leave its service. Hence this avowal on the part of the *Tribune* only attests the completeness with which it proposes to adhere to Republican ideas.

Hon. Joseph Medill and Ex-Governor Bross, who will give effect to this policy, have long been recognized as the strongest men connected with the *Tribune*. Their names have been identified with its history, and had they started an opposition journal it would have crippled the *Tribune*. This necessity has been put aside, and they stand with the paper, reformed to a sentiment that is living and true. More and more, as time passes, and the casual storms that arise and spend their force and clear away, will it be seen that Republicanism in its essence is the true party of the country. We yet expect to see all those journals which actually represent a principle of honesty, but which, under a wild impulse drifted into Liberalism, return to their old love once more. They are singularly weak in their present attitude. Their stock in trade is fault-finding. They are compelled, in order to justify their course, to carp and pick, chiefly at the Republican party. It is the old principle,—they have done the wrong, and feel that they must justify themselves. Not having the honesty of the *Tribune*, they still snarl and quarrel; but there is no purpose or object in it, and the sooner they abandon it the better.

PANIC LESSONS.

A recent number of the "Iron Age" contains a timely article on the direction in which capital will next seek investment. It says the experiences of the past year have been well calculated to impress upon the public mind the lessons of the panic of last year, and, in so far as they have accomplished this result, they will have aided in bringing about a prosperity healthier and more permanent than that which was so rudely checked in November last. Had the effects of the panic been as transient as we all hoped and expected they would be, and had our productive and distributive industries rallied from depression with the elasticity which even the wisest business men confidently believed they would manifest, we should have continued in the same direction to the attainment of the same ends, only to encounter worse misfortune in the future. As a people, we are apt to go to extremes in everything in which we become fairly interested. Public confidence once established in a business or undertaking, capital at once rushes into that business or into similar undertaking, and before we know it we have spoiled a good thing by overdoing it. We find instances of this in every department of trade and in many departments of manufacturing. A notable instance is found in the railroad progress of the past five years. Since 1870, about $300,000,000 of the annual additions to the capital of the country has gone into the construction of railroads. Nothing could have been more promotive of general prosperity than as rapid an extension of our railroad system as possible, provided the investment of capital in such undertakings had been regulated by the same prudence and foresight as are usually displayed in private business operations. But in the excitement which followed the completion of the Pacific Railroad and the opening of transcontinental communication, railroad building assumed the form of a vast national speculation. Instead of finishing the work of internal development as we went along, by constructing branch and connecting lines wherever they were needed, and for which a traffic could have been obtained as fast as the iron was laid, the bold spirits who largely assumed control of this new drift of capital, projected vast undertakings in sections which, whatever their probable future importance, had no present need of railroad facilities. Half a dozen "transcontinental" routes were proposed, and three or four undertaken; and lines extending far into unsettled districts of "the great west" were more favorably regarded than those making more modest claims, but with better prospects of a paying traffic. Vast tracts of land were granted by Congress in aid of enterprises which should not have been undertaken for years to come, and State Legislatures liberally contributed to the construction of lines which never had, and perhaps never will have, any claim upon the public confidence —at least, not until they are built over again by competent engineers with good materials. As the speculation became more and more hazardous, public confidence seemed to grow stronger. Promises to pay impossible interest in gold, free of government tax, etc., were freely made and as freely accepted; every enterprise with bonds on the market was approved by eminent men high in the public regard, who did not hesitate to affirm that there was "millions in it," and thousands exchanged the government bonds, which represented their entire fortunes, for railroad securities, which to-day have no quotable market value. Presently, public confidence in railroad investments began to weaken, but the work of construction was carried on by bankers with funds in many instances subject to sight draft, and then came the panic. The consequent heavy defaults of the railroads on their bonds administered the *coup de grace* to the railroad mania, and it will probably be a long time before we shall again witness a progress in railroad construction so rapid as that which make 1871, 1872 and 1873 conspicuous in our statistical history. Confidence once destroyed, it cannot be easily re-established. For the next few years the addition to our railroad system will, we think, largely consist in additions to uncompleted lines, and necessary links and connections extending through sections which need additional facilities of communication with the great markets of the interior, or the ports of the Atlantic, the great lakes and the Gulf. We hope these needed additions will give us a fair annual mileage of new railroads, but we do not consider it probable that, for the next few years, the annual investments in railroads will be large, as compared with those of the four years past. The question of what will be done with the capital thus withheld from investment in railroads is, therefore, one of much interest and importance.

In the absence of any form of investment affording the elements of an excitement which would tend to draw capital toward it, the probabilities are that it will gradually find its way into a multiplicity of small investments which, in their aggregate, will do quite as much to promote the general prosperity and increase the wealth of the country as was ever expected of railroads. There are a great many promising avenues of investment—as for example the development of coal and iron mines—for which it has been extremely difficult to find capital in this country. While we have been building railroads on a speculative and generally unsound basis, the owners of valuable mineral lands have in many instances had to seek abroad the capital needed for their development. There the opportunities which we neglected have been appreciated, and a great deal of English capital has been invested in American iron and coal properties, which will be allowed to remain unproductive until the growing demand for the wealth they contain shall enable the owners to realize a handsome profit. Investments of this class are likely to attract more of native capital during the next few years than heretofore. We have a vast undeveloped natural wealth exclusive of coal and iron, which also stands a better chance of attracting capital for its development at this time than heretofore. We may also expect to see capital flow more liberally into manufacturing operations which promise a fair interest. The uncertainty which now surrounds the future of tariff legislation may tend to weaken the confidence of prudent capitalists in the profits of manufacturing, for without at least enough protection to place American manufacturers on a footing of equality in our own markets with those of foreign countries, our manufacturing industries would suffer heavily. With this assured, however, prudent investors, especially those with limited capital who wish to employ their money in enterprises to which they can give their time and personal attention, will be likely to prefer manufacturing to any other business. The loose responsibilities of corporate management have, we think, created a decided preference for private investments on the part of those who have nothing to risk which they can afford to lose, and who also desire profitable employment for their time. We believe that the next few years will bring us more than average general prosperity, and the diversion of capital in many classes of investments hitherto overshadowed by the great speculation in railroads, will deepen and broaden the foundations on which that prosperity will rest. Should these expectations be realized, what our iron industries lose by the falling off of the demand on account of railroad construction, will be more than made up by a more liberal consumption on account of renewals and repairs, and in many other ways.

(From the Lewisburg Chronicle.)

THAT magnificent, staunch Republican paper, the Pittsburgh GAZETTE, has recently been dressed up in a neat new suit of material, which adds much to its appearance.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

QUEEN VICTORIA is engaged on a new work, which will appear early next year.

THE charcoal in the stockhouse of the Vesuvius Furnace, Ironton, Ohio, was burned on Saturday. Loss, $10,000.

RAIN has not fallen in the lower peninsular counties of Virginia for more than one month, and vegetation is suffering. A large fire is raging in the Dismal Swamp.

A FIRE at Reading, Ohio, last Sunday night, destroyed the saloon of L. Ziegler, loss $3,000; Goetterman, butcher, loss $2,500; and Walters' cigar factory, loss $500.

MADAME JENNY LIND GOLDSCHMIDT and her husband will permanently reside in Wiesbaden, he having accepted the post of leading professor at a Rheinish Academy of Music.

GEN. HUMPHREYS, Chief of Engineers, has recommended an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars for the enlargement of the Louisville and Portland Canal, according to the plans heretofore reported.

MICHAEL JOYCE and Patrick Fegan, two of the men scalded by the boiler explosion at the Vulcan Iron Works, South St. Louis, on Friday last, have since died, and Michael Conroy, another victim, is not expected to live.

THE citizens of Russell, Ky., were on Sunday making strenuous exertions to prevent a fire from surrounding the woods and burning their town. The woods for thirty miles back of them is on fire and great damage is being done.

ROBERT MURRAY, alias the "Welshman," Annie Murray and George Reilly, alias "Pat Reilly," have been arrested in New York on suspicion of robbing the residence of Luther C. Bryant of $100,000 in twenty-dollar gold pieces.

BISMARCK'S real grievance against Von Arnim lies deeper than the mere possession of those letters. Rome fights the Prince very hard, even in Berlin, and the game of the ultramontane opposition is to get the Chancellor out of his office and another man in it, and their candidate is Von Arnim.

A DETECTIVE arrived in Newark, N. J., on Sunday evening, from Washington, with subpœnas for Detective Andrew McManus, Patrick C. Smith and Ernst Fisher, of the police department, and Rev. John Coyle, pastor of St. Luke Methodist Episcopal church, Newark, of which church Nettleship is a member. These witnesses are called for the defense in the safe burglary trial.

MGR. THEODALI, the Pope's Chamberlain, previously reported captured by brigands, has been released upon the payment of the ransom demanded, $10,000. He was captured at the Villa Nuova of Tivulli, near Frosinone. There he had been accustomed after dinner to walk in the woods to a spot where a chapel to the Virgin has been erected. On the last visit he went beyond it, but had not proceeded more than five minutes when five brigands, armed with guns, seized him and led him to the top of an adjoining hill.

A CORRESPONDENT says of Vignaud, the billiard player: "One prominent feature about him strikes you at once, and that is the size of his feet. They give you a feeling of confidence in him. You feel that a man so securely anchored to this earth, as he is, would not be moved by ordinary events. To knock him down would need an able-bodied assistant or two, while a lever, to get those feet to relieve their hold. Nothing else could budge him. His enormous feet are encased in great, square boots, that you are sure must have been treed upon a block of Nicholson pavement, but their squareness only augments your confidence in him. You feel that he is not only 'on the square,' but on two squares, and no one could ask more."

CRIME AND RETRIBUTION.

Outrage Upon a Little Girl by a Drunken Human Fiend—He is Lynched by Infuriated Citizens Shortly After the Deed.

A New York *Herald* correspondent gives the following particulars of the fiendish crime perpetrated near Gibson, a small mining village in this State, near the boundary line, and the subsequent hanging of the villain, mention of which was recently made in our telegraphic columns:

Martin Groves, an ignorant and dissipated man about thirty-five years old, had lived for years on the mountain back of Gibson's. He was in the habit of making periodical visits to the village, where he invariably became more or less intoxicated. Drunk or sober he was always considered a man of brutish and unbridled passions. On Saturday last he was in Gibson's. He was not very drunk, and about the middle of the afternoon was missed. This was something unusual, as it was his custom to continue his orgies late into the night before departing for home. As his absence was of no importance it merely excited a passing remark. About two o'clock on Saturday afternoon, Mrs. Davis, the widow of a miner, had sent her daughter, about thirteen years of age, on an errand about a mile out of the village. She had not returned at four o'clock, and her mother began to grow uneasy about her. A few minutes after four the girl was carried into the house by two men in an almost insensible condition. They said they had found her lying near the road, in a piece of woods, about half a mile out of the village. Her clothing was badly torn, and her face bleeding from a large but not dangerous cut above the left temple. When spoken to she opened her eyes and essayed to speak, but she was too weak to articulate. Recognizing the girl, the men brought her as quickly as possible to her mother's house. It was clear that she had been violated by some fiend, who had evidently knocked her senseless by the blow on her head. The mine surgeon was summoned, and, under his treatment, about nine o'clock at night the girl was able to talk. Her story was that she was on her way home after doing her errand, and when she reached the piece of woods near Moon's creek she saw Martin Groves sitting by the side of the road. She was afraid of him, and stopped, undecided whether to go through the woods and come out in the road below him or pass right on. His head was hanging down on his breast as if he were asleep, and she concluded to go noiselessly by him in the road. When she got about opposite to where he sat he raised his head and then rose to his feet. He stepped in front of her and said:—

"Yer afraid of me, are ye?"

"Yes, Martin," said the girl, "but please don't hurt me."

He made no reply to this, but took hold of her by both shoulders and pushed her towards the woods, she screamed loudly for help, when he struck her a blow with his fist on the side of her head, and she remembers nothing until coming to her senses sometime before the men found her. She knew she was lying in the woods, and her condition, but too weak to move.

When this story was made known throughout the village the greatest excitement prevailed. A crowd of twenty-five men gathered and decided upon seeking out Groves and giving him summary justice. They proceeded in a body up the mountain and captured him in the woods. They then took him down into a deep depression between two of the lofty hills. In that lonely vale, by the light of the moon struggling through a heavy mist, the infuriated miners executed the sentence they pronounced against him, which was that he should die. His eyes were bandaged and his hands bound behind him, and then he was hanged to the limb of a chestnut tree and left there until he was dead. He was afterwards buried near the hut where he had lived for years.

The outrage on the Davis girl was not Groves' first crime of that nature. The commission of three similar outrages was laid at his door by general belief, which had made him a terror to all women and children. But all this does not justify his summary punishment, although the general feeling in the vicinity is that the lynching was just as well as merited.

GRAVE ROBBING IN INDIANA.

A Body-Snatcher With the Corpse of a Young Lady Captured on a Train.

(From the Louisville Courier-Journal)

A case of body snatching was developed in Seymour, Indiana, on Saturday last. On one of the last days of the past week a young lady of respectable family, very popular with her friends, and much beloved in that city, died of consumption and was buried in the cemetery near that city. The day after her interment some near relatives went to the cemetery for the purpose of decorating her grave. But what was their alarm and horror on finding strong indications that the grave had been tampered with—such marks as to at once create the suspicion that the body had been removed. As quickly as possible the family caused the earth to be removed, and, on opening the coffin, their suspicions were verified. The body of the girl had been stolen. The friends and relatives of the deceased instantly set in search for the thief, and endeavored if possible to arrest him. On Saturday night last a man got on the east bound train at Hardensburg, on the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad, and had his baggage—a rather small sized traveling trunk—checked for Cincinnati. As soon as the trunk was put on board the train some relatives of the family, who were on the train watching for suspicious characters, went for the baggage car, and, discovering an unpleasant odor arising from the trunk, had it opened and found the body of the young lady closely wedged within it. To get the corpse into so small a space it was necessary to cramp it in a manner which indicated that some violent force had been used. She was lying on her side, with her knees doubled up under her chin and her head violently forced over to one side in a corner of the trunk. The man having charge of the trunk was immediately arrested, and when the train reached North Vernon was taken off, with the trunk and its ghastly contents, to await the arrival of the west bound train to take him back to Seymour. When the news reached that place the greatest indignation was felt among the people, and opinions were freely expressed that the body-snatcher would be lynched on his return there.

The stolen corpse was buried again, the people attending in mass. It was one of the most affecting funerals ever witnessed here. The excitement runs high, and hundreds of people are standing around upon the streets discussing the subject. It has been ascertained that the wretch now in jail is a professional body snatcher, and has been engaged in the business in this neighborhood for several weeks. A Mr. Kelch, a farmer, living in Jennings county, who hauled the corpse from this place to Hardenburg for shipment, and who is an acknowledged accomplice, was arrested and brought in the night. He was met at the depot by hundreds of excited citizens, but no violence was attempted, though the feeling is fully as strong against him as the professional, on account of his engaging in the business right at home, as it were. No violence has been attempted on either so far; but many people feel that the punishment prescribed by law is inadequate to meet the case, and something may yet be done.

The body-snatcher is a German, but we were unable to learn his name, or anything concerning him. Immediately after his arrest he confessed the deed and said he had been engaged in the business for two years, getting his subjects from along the line of the Ohio & Mississippi Railroad and other roads running into Cincinnati. The price he said he was paid was $20 a subject. He seemed to be so terribly frightened that he could give no intelligible account of himself or his confederates.

A Crazy Minister and His Eccentricities.

(From the Maysville (Ky.) Eagle.)

Some two years or more ago, there came to this county a Dr. Elliott, who took charge of a school at Washington. He soon became involved in an acrimonious dispute with the trustees and with many of the patrons of the school, giving rise to no little litigation and not much bad blood in the community. He has managed in some way to get and keep possession of the old Court House property, and holds it in defiance of the people of the town to whom it belongs, claiming it as his own. He tried to poison the horses which were accustomed to being hitched to the fence of the Court House yard by poisoning the white wash. The other evening he gave his consent to some kind of an exhibition being shown in the old clerk's office; but then, as if the natural perversity of the man was forced to seek some outlet, he locked the gates of the Court House yard so as to prevent the ladies from going up the paved walk and compelled them to wade through an alley filled with an ordure of cattle and horses. Finding there was a scarcity of water, occasioned by the protracted drouth, and that the water in the well of the public property had become a necessity to the people of the town, he locked up the well to prevent them from using it, although it was then deep water and the people had always been accustomed to use it. On Wednesday night a number of young men determined to break off the lock. Dr. Elliott seemed to have been governed in this act by no other motive than a morbid desire to kill some one. He laid in wait for them and upon their approach came from his ambush and commenced, without warning, to fire upon them with a revolver. To prevent being shot the young men closed with him, and in the struggle he tried his best, and nearly succeeded in shooting one of them through the head. At last he was thrown upon the ground, and the pistol with which he tried to murder was taken from him, and he was then released. He is an old man, a minister in the Southern Presbyterian Church.

WONDERFUL CURIOSITY.

Part Animal and Part Human.

The British ship Scindia, Captain George Harrison, arrived in New York a few days since from Calcutta, having on board one of the most remarkable natural curiosities the world has probably ever seen. It consists of a short horned, sacred Brahmin bull, born in Nepaul northern India, in 1871, and imported here by Captain William Denison Folger, formerly of this city, but latterly a resident of Calcutta. The bull itself is a remarkable curiosity, and is one of that description of animals held in great reverence by the natives of India on account of its traditional sacred character. But in this case a novel *lusus naturæ* renders it a most singular creature. The brute portion is systematically formed with a glossy coat of fawn colored hair and well shaped body and limbs. But protruding, as it were, from the left side of the hump on the back of the neck of the animal is a wonderful and regularly shaped, in nearly all respects, human arm. The deitoid and triceps and biceps muscles are well developed, particularly the latter; the joint at the elbow is flexible, the forearm rather attenuated, the wrist as fully flexible as in the human arm proper, while the hand is composed of four distinctly marked fingers, two of them connected together. This extraordinary appendage to an otherwise well formed body does not appear to give the creature any inconvenience or pain, generally hanging listlessly by its side, except when it is angered or annoyed, when the arm raises as if its possessor felt inclined to "strike from the shoulder." The animal is quite healthy, and enjoys a ravenous appetite, the nice grass of its native clime being its favorite food, and does not seem to have suffered any bodily injury by its long sea voyage. If not disposed of in this country, we learn that it is the intention of the importer to take the creature to England, and secure it a place in the London Zoological Gardens, where such novelties are highly prized.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 64 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CHARTERED IN 1862.
Assets January 1, 1873, - - - $778,251.56
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, Jas. Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Sinnick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zeg.
Solicitor—John H. Bailey.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROSENBAUM & CO.
78 and 80
Market Street,
OFFER NOW
Immense Bargains
In the line of
TRIMMINGS!
MILLINERY GOODS,
NOTIONS, &c.
BEADED GIMPS,
BALL FRINGES,
From 50 Cents Up.
FELT HATS, FELT HATS.
20 Different Styles at all Prices.
Skirts, Skirts.
FELT SKIRTS, from 75c up.
QUILTED SKIRTS.
ALPACA SKIRTS.
KID GLOVES,
All Shades from 75c up.
Our 2 B. $1.50 Gloves, Every Pair Warranted.
Real Perinot Gloves, reduced to $1.25, worth $1.85.
CORSETS, CORSETS.
40 Different Styles.
Best Whalebone Corsets, 40c; worth 75c.
HOSIERY AND GLOVES
For Gents, Ladies and Children, at Great Bargains.
SASH RIBBONS.
800 pieces from 25c up to $2 per Yard, all Worth Double.
For Bargains in Trimmings and Millinery Goods, call at
ROSENBAUM & CO.,
78 and 80
MARKET ST.

HUTCHINSON & CO.
Iron Working Machinery
And Machinists' Supplies of Every Description.
Removed from 28 Wood street, to
112 Liberty St., Pittsburgh, Pa.,
OPPOSITE HARE'S HOTEL.
Entrance also Nos. 3 and 5 Union street.

FURNACES, RANGES
Mantles,
GRATES, &c.
JAMES OLD,
193 Liberty Street.

CRAIG BROTHERS,
Brass Founders
AND
STEAM FITTERS
HEAT BY STEAM
Public and Private Buildings.
Office: 129 Second Avenue.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
SOMETHING THAT WILL
INTEREST ALL BUYERS OF
DRY GOODS.
During the past week we have received and opened several hundred boxes and packages of New and Desirable Goods, which enables us to offer the public not only complete Bargains, unsurpassed in any city in the Union. During the present busy season of the house, but also unusually Attractive Bargains, unsurpassed in any city in Less Crowded in the Mornings, and the stocks in better order for their examination on our customers will find our salesrooms at any time, and will do all in our power to have them promptly and politely waited on; but still we shall be pleased to see them
New Dress Goods
At very Attractive Prices,
In All Grades and Qualities.
Bargains in Black Alpacas,
Bargains in Black Cashmeres.
Bargains in Black Silks,
Bargains in French Merinos.
Bargains in Colored Alpacas,
Bargains in Sateens and Twills,
Bargains in Silk Poplins,
Bargains in Colored Silks.
Bargains in Tycoon Repps, &c.
Bargains in Plaids, Delaines, &c.
Bargains in Morning Dress Goods.
At 12½c, Tycoon Repps, in Medium Colors, best quality.
At 18¾c, Very choice New Dress Goods.
At 50c, Garnet Colored Silk Poplins, worth 87½c.
At 50c, All Wool Black Cashmeres.
At 50c, All Wool French Merinos.
BLACK DRESS SILKS.
We desire to call special attention to our Black Dress Silks, including the best qualities, as they will be found to be fully one-third under their usual price.
Ladies' Made-up Suits, in all desirable styles and materials, at our usual low prices.
New Ladies' Jackets and Sacques, from $4.00 to $75. New Shawls, from lowest to finest qualities.
WILLIAM SEMPLE,
NOS. 165, 167 AND 169
FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 AND 199
PENN AVENUE.
During the last few days we have made large additions to our stock of
LADIES' & MISSES' CLOAKS.
The prices are down low, and now is the time to buy your
WINTER CLOAKS
Ladies' Embroidered Tabalier and Cuirasse Jackets for $15, $18 and $20.
Black Cashmere Polonaise.
Embroidered Felt and Flannel House Sacques.
Ladies' Embroidered Cashmere Wrappers.
Seal Skin Cloaks, Muffs and Boas, medium and fine qualities at lowest prices.
BLACK GROS GRAIN
DRESS SILKS
AT BOTTOM FIGURES.
"LYONS" Black Cloaking Velvet.
Trimming Velvets, black and colors.
The latest novelty, "MATELASSEE," Checked Black Velvet and Satin for Trimming.
PLAIN AND FANCY HOSIERY,
For Ladies and Misses, in all the new styles in Stripes, Plaids, Brown and Navy Blue.
Fleeced Cotton and White Merino Hosiery.
Black Mode and White All-Wool Hose.
MERINO UNDERGARMENTS
for Ladies' and Children's Wear.
Ladies' and Misses' Waterproof Circulars,
Breakfast Shawls, Quilted Satin, Silk Sateen and Alpaca Underskirts, Felt Skirts, Stamped and Quilted. The newest thing out.
SATIN OVERSKIRTS,
Quilted and Richly Trimmed.
FALL AND WINTER GLOVES,
Of all kinds for Ladies' and Misses wear.
Men's Buck and Alaska Gauntlets.
Full lines of the Harris, Thompson's Seamless Alexander and Victoria Kid Gloves in Navy Blues, Modes, Browns, Bronzes and Shades.
Gents' Kids in the real Dent, Alfcroft and Alexander makes. New Fall Shades, 1 and 2 Buttons.
Gentlemen and Youth's Winter Undergarments and Hosiery,
In the celebrated Cartwright & Werner, Norfolk and New Brunswick and other makes, which we offer at lowest prices.
Retail Stores.
H. J. LYNCH,
No 96 Market Street.
Just received, everything new and desirable in
Dress Goods,
Black Silks, and
Cassimeres,
very cheap. Shawls and Country Blankets at lowest cash prices. oct 5

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.
CARPETS.
CHOICEST DESIGNS IN
BODY BRUSSELS.
RICHEST COLORS IN
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS.
ELEGANT STYLES IN
TWO AND THREE PLYS
AT REDUCED PRICES, AT
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
New No. 29 Fifth Avenue.

STOVES, RANGES, &c.
L. H. SMITH & CO.,
49 Sixth Street,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS
IN
CHILSON
New Cone Furnaces,
WELLMAN REFLECTOR,
Grates and Stoves,
MARBELIZED
SLATE MANTLES,
ALSO,
Common Fronts and Grates,
HOT AIR REGISTERS AND
Ventilators, &c., &c.
NOTICE.
HARVEST QUEEN
Reaper and Binder Co.
CAPITAL - - $300,000.
SHARES 3,000, PER $100 EACH.
The books for subscription to the above Company are now open at the office of the HOUSEHOLDER'S FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, German American Bank Building, Penn avenue. The payments on subscriptions are as easy as the necessities of the business in getting machinery and building will permit. This promises to be a remarkably successful Company, as the business will be a specialty, covered by patents that make the invention a monopoly. It is the greatest agricultural improvement of the age.
For Prospectus, &c., and inspection of the model, call on the inventor at the office as above.
se29:h26
NEW DISCOVERY
Edward's
NATURAL POLISH!
The Best Article in the World for all Purposes.
It will clean and polish anything and everything, from the finest Gold Jewelry to the worst tarnished Locomotive, Fire Engine or Kitchen Utensil.
For Sale by all Druggists and Grocers.
AGENTS WANTED to travel and introduce it through the country. Call and get a Circular.
No. 27 SIXTH STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.
Extraordinary Bargains
IN
MUSLINS, CALICOS,
Housekeeping Goods,
Flannels & Blankets
NOTICE.
Our counters in this department almost entirely refilled with new supplies every morning.
At 6¼c, New Dark Calicos.
At 8¾c, Best Dark Calicos.
All our bargains in Muslins, Calicos, Table Linens, Towels and Towelings, Tickings, &c., Country and Eastern made Blankets, all sizes, extra bargains. Flannels of every description, at the very lowest prices.
WATERPROOF CLOTHS.
In these goods we can offer good bargains in all colors.
Cloths and Cassimeres, Jeans and Tweeds, Ladies' Cloths, Sacqueing and Cloak Cloths.
WHITE, ORR & CO.
New Linen Goods.
TABLE LINENS,
NAPKINS,
DOYLIE.
Linen Sets of Cloth and Napkins
Su

FINANCIAL.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS FUND
AND
SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Incorporated by Legislature of Pennsylvania.

CAPITAL, - - - - - $250,000.

Interest allowed on deposits. Short Loans on Valuable Property, Real or Personal. Discounts daily.

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Saturdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

JOSEPH M. GAZZAM, President.
SAMUEL A. LONG, Vice President and Business Manager.

DIRECTORS.

J. M. Gazzam,	Andrew J. Lee,
J. F. Smith,	George M. Reed,
Samuel A Long,	Frank Kohne.

JAMES G. MACLONNELL, Solicitor.

PRAETSCH, STROUS & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Deposits received and interest allowed on daily balances.

Collections made on all points of the United States.

We buy and sell Stocks, Bonds and Government Securities on Commission.

Mortgages and Commercial Paper A SPECIALTY.

Passage tickets to and from Europe and Sight Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland at lowest rates.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK,
14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - $200,000.

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. Interest allowed Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK,
Cor. Wood St. and Sixth Ave.

CAPITAL, - - - - - $250,000.
SURPLUS, - - - - - 127,000.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Exchange on Germany, France, England and Switzerland at lowest rates. Collections made promptly on all parts of the United States and Canadas. Particular attention given to all business of correspondents.

DIRECTORS—A. Groetzinger, J. F. Havekotte, W. F. Lang, J. C. Dickson, H. H. Meyers, Jos. Lang, Paul Hugus, Christ. Seibert, P. Haberman. A. GROETZINGER, President.
JOSEPH LAUBART, Cashier.

INTERNATIONAL BANK,
Cor. Liberty and Market Sts.
CAPITAL.....$200,000.

PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

5 per cent. per annum upon daily balances—from active non-borrowing accounts—payable on demand.

6 per cent. per annum on special deposits for 60 days and upwards. Special agreements relating to interest made. Notes and Bills purchased.

W. H. ARMSTRONG, President.
WM. NEEB, Vice President.
F. E. MOORE, Cashier.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, November 3, 1873.

The cool weather of yesterday had its effect on the current of business, yet the banks had their usual demand for discounts, and, as a rule, supplied the demand. There was nothing new other than what we recorded yesterday, and the interest in elections served to repress activity in other directions. After the election, affairs will assume a more active phase, as regards finances.

—The following is a statement of the United States currency up to this date:

Old demand notes.....$	75,267 50
Legal tender notes, series of 1874	8,556,073 00
Legal tender notes, new issue	50,282,918 00
Legal tender notes, series of 1869.....	323,161,000 01
One year notes of 1863.....	71,885 00
Two year notes of 1863	22,150 00
Two year coupon notes of '63	29,800 00
Compound interest notes.....	402,510 00
Fractional Currency—	
First issue.....	4,335,805 65
Second issue.....	3,146,246 05
Third issue.....	3,256,460 73
Fourth issue, first series.....	11,264,562 59
Fourth issue, second series..	1,166,970 79
Fourth issue, third series....	13,120,523 50
Fifth issue.....	9,917,455 65
Total.....$	430,732,637 42

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia have paid off the last demand note for money borrowed by the late District Government amounting to $200,000, and released thereby $300,000 collateral bonds. The Commissioners have also just redeemed old corporation 8 per cent. bonds to the amount of $450,000, giving in lieu thereof new 3-65 bonds, thus curtailing a large annual interest. Commissioner Blow thinks the prospect looks fair for a reduction of future assessments of general taxes to 1½ per cent., which he thinks will meet all obligations, besides the current expenses of the District Government.

Luther S. Kaufman, Broker, No. 86 Fourth Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

	Opened.	Closed
Gold.....	110¾	110⅝
U. S. Sixes—1861—coupons..	118½	118⅝
5-20 1862.....	110⅛	110⅜
" 1864.....	113¼	113⅜
" 1865	114¼	114⅜
" 1865 new.....	116⅛	116⅜
" 1867	117⅜	117⅝
" 1868—coupons	117⅜	117⅝
10-40's	111⅜	111⅝
Currency 6's.....	117⅜	117⅝
New 5 per cents.....	111¼	111⅜
10-40's—coupons.....	112	112⅛

RAILWAYS.

New York Central.....	102¼	102⅜
Erie	28⅝	28¾
L. S.	97	97½
B. H. & E.		
C. C. & I. C.	93	93½
St. Paul.....	25⅜	25⅝
Do. Pref.....	50½	50¾
Michigan Southern.....	80¾	80¾
Do. Central.....	74⅞	74⅞
North Western Common.....	38	37⅞
Do. Pref.....	82½	82⅝
Rock Island.....	97¾	97⅞
Cleveland & Pittsburgh.....	87⅝	87⅝
Pacific Mail.....	40¾	40¾
Western Union Telegraph.....	77½	77⅝
Ohio & Mississippi.....	28	28
Union Pacific.....	24¼	24¼
Toledo & Wabash.....	29⅛	29⅛
Harlem.....	130½	129
Chicago & Alton.....	98	98
Adams Express.....	134	135
American Express.....	62	62½
U. S. Express.....	69¼	69
W., Fargo & Co. Express.....		79½
Fort Wayne.....		92½
Merchants' Union Express.....	18	18
Hannibal & St. Joseph.....	24	24¼
do. pref.....		29
Panama.....		134
A. & P. Pref.....	11	12
Iron Mountain.....		17

Following are quotations of active stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board to-day:

Penna Central.....	54¾	
" scrip.....	104¾	104⅝
Reading.....	34¼	34½
United Cos. of N. J.....	128½	129
Oil Creek.....	9	81
Lehigh Valley.....	60¾	
Central Transportation.....	41¾	
Empire do.....	34¾	35
A. & P. R. 7-30.....	89¾	90
P. C. & St. L. 7's.....	67¾	68

NEW YORK, November 2, 1874.

The customs receipts were $304,000, and the Treasury disbursements $763,000. There will be no New York markets to-morrow. Money was active and closed at 4½@5 per cent. Sterling was quiet and steady at 483½@484 for sixty days and 487½ for sight. Prime mercantile paper 7@7½, short and long. Gold 110¾@110 3-8, the opening and closing rates. The borrowing rates were 1-32 until Wednesday, and 7@1 per cent. per annum. Governments were also made flat. The clearings were $28,000,000. State bonds were dull. Governments were firm. Railroad bonds were lower for Chicago & Northwestern consolidated and Pacific railroads. Stocks fluctuated, but slightly, with a general downward tendency, the closing prices being ¼@¾ below the highest prices, and generally at the lowest point of the day. The decline was most marked in Pacific Mail, Rock Island, North Western common, and Union Pacific. The sales of the day aggregated 107,000 shares, of which 8,000 were Western Union, 21,000 Pacific Mail, 33,000 Lake Shore, 7,000 Union Pacific, 6,000 Northwestern, 5,000 Wabash, and 4,500 Ohio.

Government securities.—U. S. coupons of 1881, 118¾; 5-20's of 1862, 110¾, ex. coup.; do of '64, 110⅜, ex. coup.; do '65, 114¼, ex. coup.; do do 65, new, 116⅛; do of '67, 117⅜; new 5s, 111⅜, ex. coup.; 10-40s, 112⅜; currency 6s, 117⅜.

State Bonds.—Missouri sixes, 94¾; Tennessee, old, 70; do new, 70; Virginia new, 34; do old, 34; North Carolina, old, 21; do new, 13.

Stocks.—Canton, 56; Western Union Telegraph Company, 79½; Quicksilver, 36¾; Adams Express, 115½; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, 78; American Express, 62¾; United States Express, 69; Pacific Mail, 41¼; New York Central, 102¼; Erie, 28⅝; do. preferred, 48; Harlem, 129; do. preferred, 125; Michigan Central, 74⅞; Panama, 134½; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 87⅝; Northwestern common, 37½; do. preferred, 82¾; Rock Island, 97¾; New Jersey Central, 86¼; Pacific of Missouri, 32¾; do. preferred, 50¾; Toledo & Wabash, 29⅛; do. preferred, 30; Fort Wayne, 92½; Terre Haute, 7; do preferred, 30; Chicago & Alton, 98; do. preferred, 108; Ohio & Mississippi, 28; Cleveland, Columbus & Cincinnati, 65; Burlington & Quincy, 100¾; Lake Shore, 80¾; Illinois Central, 92½; Union Pacific, 24¼; Central Pacific, 102¾; Union, 88⅝; Hartford & Erie, 8; Delaware & Lackawanna, 109¾.

LONDON, November 2—5 P. M.—Consols: 92⅝; 5-20's of '62, 105¾; do of '67, 109¾; 10-40's, 103¾; new 5s, 104; Erie, 28½; do preferred, 43; New York Central, 95.

PARIS, November 2.—Rentes 62f. 25c.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, November 2.—Business was very quiet, in consequence of the impending election. The market for cotton goods is dull, but prices are unchanged. Cottonades are in better demand, but without change in prices. Woolen goods are in fair request. Prints are quiet in first hands. Woolen goods for men's wear are dull. Blankets and flannels are in steady request for small parcels. Foreign goods are dull.

Detroit.

DETROIT, November 2.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady with a moderate demand; No 1 white, 91¾; No 1 amber, $1.14; amber $1.06. Corn dull and declined to 40c. Oats dull and lower at 35@36c. Barley dull at $1.50@1.60. Rye quiet at 80c. Provisions unchanged and quiet. Mess pork, $20.50. Lard, 11c. Dressed hogs are again advancing, and the general outlook at this writing warrants the prediction that prices are not likely to go much if any lower. Lard scarce on the spot, and, for future delivery, the market is firmer. Stock of all kinds wanted, accurately be considerably reduced in this market, as the receipts have been comparatively light for some time past. Tallow is sold, in lots, at 8¾ for prime city, rendered in casks. In regard to Butter, Eggs and Cheese, we refer the reader to another part of this report. Following are the current rates:

SUGARS.			
Crushed.....	11¾	Standard B.....	10¾
Granulated.....	11¾	A C Standard.....	10¾
Powdered.....	11¾	Demarara.....	10¾@10¾
Standard A.....	11	Porto Rico.....	9¾@10
SYRUPS.			
Sugar house.....	40@45	Sugar Drips.....	40@50
Maryland.....	80	White Drips.....	70@75
Silver Drips.....	60	Extra Golden.....	70@80
COFFEES.			
Rio Good.....	20	Roasted Maracaibo..	22
Rio Prime.....	22	Roasted Java.....	30
Rio Fancy.....	24	Roasted Java.....	40
RICE.			
Rangoon ₩ lb.....	7	Patna ₩ lb.....	7@8
Carolina ₩ lb.....	8@9		
MOLASSES.			
Porto Rico.....	55@60	New Orleans.....	60@70
Demarara.....	60@65		
Hams—Kiira S. C. ₩ lb.....	14	Lard—Prime Leaf in tierces, ₩ lb.....	14
Sh oulders, Ex S. C.	11	Lard—Ked. in tcs.	13
Bacon, Sugar Cured	14½	Do. half barrels..	13½
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar Cured.....	14	Do., 5 lb cashes..	14½
Beef Tongues sugar Cured, ₩ doz.....	$7.00	Do., 3 lb cans..	16
Bacon Shoulders.....	9¾	Do., 5 lb do.....	16
Short Rib Sides.....	14	Do., 3 lb pails.....	17
Clear Sides.....	14¾	Do., 5 lb do.....	16¾
Mess Pork, ₩ bbl..	$23.00	Ham Sausage.....	14¾
		Lard Oil, per gal	$1.10
GRAIN.			
Grain Pepper.....	37	Ground Ginger, 10 lb cans.....	32
" Allspice.....	20	Ground Allspice, 10 lb cans.....	25
Cloves.....	50	Ground Cloves, 10 lb cans.....	25
Cassia, Bark.....	40	Ground Pepper, 10 lbcans.....	35
Nutmegs.....	$1.40	Ground Mustard, 10 lb cans.....	35
Ground Pepper, 10 lbcans.....	35	Durham.....	50
TOBACCO.			
Lorillard's Perfection, lbs.....	63	Orange Girl, dark ₩ lb.....	60
Circassian Girl, D. T.....	63	Virginia Darks.....	50
Sultanas.....	66	Spun Roll.....	50
Gold Bar.....	63	Imperadora Fine Cut.....	55
Fine Bro. "s" lbs D. T. and 3d.....	62	Perfection.....	50
Monitor.....	62	Spectanas.....	35
Weyman's.....	$1.50	Perfection.....	32
Eng. Shag.....	1.00	A. A.....	30
Tom and Jerry.....	50	P. O. Cut Plug.....	60
SOAPS.			
Rabbit's Best.....	10	S. E. & Co's Sup. Wax.....	5
Rabbit's N. Y. City.....	10	Woman's Friend ₩ Scrubbing.....	4
Russian.....	$6.00	ParkCo.'s Toilet, per box, 3 dz.....	$1.75
what I. O. V..	5.75	ParkCo.'s Turpentine, per box, 4 doz.....	1.75
Russian.....	4.50	Park Co.'s Honey.....	1.75
Colgate's Vegetable Soap and Oat Meal.....	4.75	Cashmere Bouquet, per gross	6.00
Colgate's Ass't Toilet.....	4.50	Colgate's CCC	1.75
Colgate's CCC	1.75	Cashmere Bouquet, per gross	6.00
Atlantic Olive.....	6		

RAGS—There is a fair degree of activity, and with prices unchanged. The market continues dull, and prices are weak although with unchanged quotations. Dealers all agree in reporting trade as being very meagre, from which it is evident that the consumption is not up to what it usually is at this season of the year, and this may be attributed to the fact that a large number of laboring men and mechanics are out of employment, and either lack the means to buy it altogether or touch it very sparingly. Retailers nearly all report that their sales of Butter are unusually light for this season of the year. The market explains the recent decline of 5 to 7c ₩ lb. It is also worthy of notice that nearly all the eastern markets, especially New York, have declined recently.

CHEESE—There has been a steady jobbing trade during the past week, and the advance noted in our last review is fully maintained. We continue to quote prime Ohio Factory, 16@17c; New York do., 17@18c; Ohio Sweitzer, 17@18.

CRANBERRIES—There is a fair demand, but the supply is fully equal to it and prices remain unchanged, ranging from $10 to $15 ₩ bbl, according to quality.

CANNED GOODS—The market is dull, as it usually is at this particular time, as the consuming season has not set in; prices are also nominal, tomatoes are considerably lower than they were a month ago.

COKE—There is still some inquiry and a fair degree of activity, but buyers are not free sellers. What is in ordinarily at this season of the year; prices remain as last quoted; $2.75 ₩ ton, delivered free on cars in Pittsburgh.

CORDAGE & ROPE—Continues dull but prices remain unchanged. Following are the prevailing rates:

MANILLA ROPE.	
½ inch diameter and upward.....	16 cts ₩ lb
⅜ " " " "	16½ "
¼ and 5-16 inch diameter.....	17 "
Tarred Spunyarn Lath Yarn.....	15½ "
Hay, Stave and Leather Twine.....	16½ "
OIL WELL DRILLING CABLES.	
Hawser Laid.....	16 "
" bolt rope yarns.....	17½ "
Sand Pump Rope.....	16 "
SISAL ROPE.	
⅝ and 5-16 inch diameter.....	13½ "
⅜ inch diameter.....	12 "
¼ inch and upward.....	12½ "
Hay, Spoke, Leather and Twine.....	14 "
NEW ZEALAND ROPE.	
½ and 5-16 inch diameter.....	13½ "
⅜ " " "	12 "
¼ " and upward.....	12½ "
Hay Twine.....	12 "
Tarred Lath Twine.....	12 "
JUTE ROPE.	
All sizes.....	12 "
AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN.	
Tarred Rope.....	14 "
" Lath Yarn.....	13 "
" Spun Yarn.....	13 "
" Marline.....	19 "
" Houseline.....	18 "
PACKING.	
American.....	13@18 "
Italian.....	21 "
Patent Lubricating.....	25@30 "
Hash and Bolt Rope.....	20@25 "

CHESTNUTS—The arrivals have slacked off, but the market continues dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, which will remain without quotable change; $2.75@3 ₩ bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—There is no movement as yet in any kind of Dried Fruit, hence there are no established rates; however, while it is difficult to give quotations, those we have given approximate so nearly indicate that prices will rule much lower than last year.

EGGS—The market for fresh receipts has stiffened up considerably since the date of our last review, and, as the supply of fresh was unequal to the demand, prices have consequently advanced. Eggs are in fair supply, and may be quoted at 18@20 cents.

FLOUR—The market for this important staple—"the staff of life"—continues slow and prices are weak and drooping; the demand is restricted almost wholly to supplying the immediate wants of the trade, as there are very few buyers outside of the corporate city limits. Quotations, in a jobbing way, may be fairly stated as follows: Superfine, $5.75@6 for Wisconsins; and $6.25@6.50 for Minnesotas; winters at $6@6.25 for red, and $6.75@7 for white; extra family of the latter. Should the demand for both flour and wheat is small as compared with this time last year, and as long as this continues, no improvement in prices can reasonably be expected. Flour cheaper now than it has been for several years, and it is a good thing for working people, we mean the masses, as work is scarce and wages low. Rye Flour, $5.75, with but little inquiry.

FRESH MEATS—Live Chickens, 5c@6c ₩ pair.

SEEDS—There is no demand for either Timothy or Clover Seeds, hence we omit quotation. Flax seed would sell, but there is none offering in this market.

WINDOW GLASS—Business, while it is not by any means very active, is rather better than can reasonably be expected at this season of the year; prices remain without quotable change. We continue to quote at 80 to 85 ₩ cent. discount off Pittsburgh list.

WHITE LEAD—Trade is quiet, but prices remain unchanged at 10½@11c, as before noted, for smaller lots. In tin packages, one-half to one cent ₩ lb additional.

WOOL—Market is quiet—No 1 ₩ hoop tubs, $9; No 2 two hoop tubs, $8; No 2 two hoop tubs, $7; three hoop pails, $2.25; two hoop pails, $2; keelers, $1.60; tubs and pails, $1.75. Wool-lined boxes, $2.25; Lard-lined boxes, $2.35; Kalamazoo clothes pins, (full count) ₩ box, $1.50; round head clothes pins, ₩ box, $1.

WILLOWS—Sales of extra fine at 11c ₩ lb; medium at 10; large at 8; inferior mixed at 6@7.

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The supply on sale to-day, although fully up to the demand, was small, as compared with what it has been for several weeks past, footing up 1,070 head, and while the general tone and spirit of the market is steady, it has been a shade lower. The demand continues light, as both retailers and consumers are pretty well supplied, and prices are without quotable change, ranging from 4½ to 5½ ₩ lb, as to quality. Loose is selling from country wagons at $25 to $30.

LEATHER—Trade has somewhat improved, but not to the extent that will warrant the expectation of the usual brisk demand that generally characterizes the Fall trade. No. 1 quality of stock in Common and No. 2 neglected.

Oak Sole, country.....		0.36@	0.37
Oak Sole, city.....		0.36@	0.42
Red Sole, B A, heavy and mid.....		0.36@	0.39
Red Sole, light.....		0.36@	0.38
Red Sole, good dgd.....		0.36@	0.38
Oak, Rough.....		0.36@	0.38
Harness, city ask.....		0.40@	0.42
Harness, country.....		0.37@	0.40
Harness, No. 2 and common.....		0.32@	0.35
Fair Skirting.....		0.43@	0.45
Fair Bridle, ₩ doz.....		60.00@	70.00
Bair Leather.....		0.40@	0.46
Finished Calf.....		1.05@	1.40
Finished Upper, ₩ foot.....		0.29@	0.34
Finished Kips.....		0.80@	0.90

PROVISIONS—The general tone of the market is firmer, in sympathy with the advices from Chicago and Cincinnati, but we have no change to make in quotations.

MILL FEED—The receipts of Bran have been more liberal during the past couple of weeks, and prices are lower; quotable, by the carload, at $22 ₩ ton. Middlings also in better supply and easier; $27@30 ₩ ton.

ONIONS—The demand has fallen off somewhat, as was to be expected, but the receipts have fallen off also, hence prices are still maintained; $3 to $4 ₩ bbl, the outside figure for choice Silver Skins.

OILS—Linseed Oil is easier, in sympathy with the raw article, and we reduce our quotations for winter strained to $1.10, unused remains unchanged at 85@86cents. Carbon Oil is very dull and lower; 9¾@10 cents by the car load, and 12½c additional for smaller lots.

PEANUTS—Trade fair in a jobbing way; sales of Red at 7½; White at 8¾ to 10¾, as to quality. Stocks reported light and market steady at quotations.

POTATOES—The arrivals have dropped off somewhat, although they are still sufficiently large to keep the market supplied, and, as compared with the date of our last review, prices are lower —we now quote at 65 to 85 cts bushel, on track, by the car load, the outside figure for choice Peach Blows. Sweets continue very dull and weak, but without quotable change; may be quoted at $2.50 ₩ bbl for Marietas; $3@3.50 for Baltimores, and $4@4.50 for Jerseys.

PROVISIONS—The market for the hog product has stiffened up somewhat within the past few days, which may be attributed in part to the fact that hogs are again advancing, and the general outlook at this writing warrants the prediction that prices are not likely to go much if any lower. Lard scarce on the spot, and, for future delivery, the market is firmer. Stock of all kinds wanted, accurately be considerably reduced in this market, as the receipts have been comparatively light for some time past. Tallow is sold, in lots, at 8¾ for prime city, rendered in casks. In regard to Butter, Eggs and Cheese, we refer the reader to another part of this report. Following are the current rates:

SUGARS.			
Crushed.....	11¾	Standard B.....	10¾
Granulated.....	11¾	A C Standard.....	10¾
Powdered.....	11¾	Demarara.....	10¾@10¾
Standard A.....	11	Porto Rico.....	9¾@10
SYRUPS.			
Sugar house.....	40@45	Sugar Drips.....	40@50
Maryland.....	80	White Drips.....	70@75
Silver Drips.....	60	Extra Golden.....	70@80
COFFEES.			
Rio Good.....	20	Roasted Maracaibo..	22
Rio Prime.....	22	Roasted Java.....	30
Rio Fancy.....	24	Roasted Java.....	40
RICE.			
Rangoon ₩ lb.....	7	Patna ₩ lb.....	7@8
Carolina ₩ lb.....	8@9		
MOLASSES.			
Porto Rico.....	55@60	New Orleans.....	60@70
Demarara.....	60@65		
Hams—Kiira S. C. ₩ lb.....	14	Lard—Prime Leaf in tierces, ₩ lb.....	14
Sh oulders, Ex S. C.	11	Lard—Ked. in tcs.	13
Bacon, Sugar Cured	14½	Do. half barrels..	13½
Dried Beef, Ex. Sugar Cured.....	14	Do., 5 lb cashes..	14½
Beef Tongues sugar Cured, ₩ doz.....	$7.00	Do., 3 lb cans..	16
Bacon Shoulders.....	9¾	Do., 5 lb do.....	16
Short Rib Sides.....	14	Do., 3 lb pails.....	17
Clear Sides.....	14¾	Do., 5 lb do.....	16¾
Mess Pork, ₩ bbl..	$23.00	Ham Sausage.....	14¾
		Lard Oil, per gal	$1.10
GRAIN.			
Grain Pepper.....	37	Ground Ginger, 10 lb cans.....	32
" Allspice.....	20	Ground Allspice, 10 lb cans.....	25
Cloves.....	50	Ground Cloves, 10 lb cans.....	25
Cassia, Bark.....	40	Ground Pepper, 10 lbcans.....	35
Nutmegs.....	$1.40	Ground Mustard, 10 lb cans.....	35
Ground Pepper, 10 lbcans.....	35	Durham.....	50
TOBACCO.			
Lorillard's Perfection, lbs.....	63	Orange Girl, dark ₩ lb.....	60
Circassian Girl, D. T.....	63	Virginia Darks.....	50
Sultanas.....	66	Spun Roll.....	50
Gold Bar.....	63	Imperadora Fine Cut.....	55
Fine Bro. "s" lbs D. T. and 3d.....	62	Perfection.....	50
Monitor.....	62	Spectanas.....	35
Weyman's.....	$1.50	Perfection.....	32
Eng. Shag.....	1.00	A. A.....	30
Tom and Jerry.....	50	P. O. Cut Plug.....	60
SOAPS.			
Rabbit's Best.....	10	S. E. & Co's Sup. Wax.....	5
Rabbit's N. Y. City.....	10	Woman's Friend ₩ Scrubbing.....	4
Russian.....	$6.00	ParkCo.'s Toilet, per box, 3 dz.....	$1.75
what I. O. V..	5.75	ParkCo.'s Turpentine, per box, 4 doz.....	1.75
Russian.....	4.50	Park Co.'s Honey.....	1.75
Colgate's Vegetable Soap and Oat Meal.....	4.75	Cashmere Bouquet, per gross	6.00
Colgate's Ass't Toilet.....	4.50	Colgate's CCC	1.75
Colgate's CCC	1.75	Cashmere Bouquet, per gross	6.00
Atlantic Olive.....	6		

RAGS—There is a fair degree of activity, and with prices unchanged. The market continues dull, and prices are weak although with unchanged quotations. Dealers all agree in reporting trade as being very meagre, from which it is evident that the consumption is not up to what it usually is at this season of the year, and this may be attributed to the fact that a large number of laboring men and mechanics are out of employment, and either lack the means to buy it altogether or touch it very sparingly. Retailers nearly all report that their sales of Butter are unusually light for this season of the year. The market explains the recent decline of 5 to 7c ₩ lb. It is also worthy of notice that nearly all the eastern markets, especially New York, have declined recently.

CHEESE—There has been a steady jobbing trade during the past week, and the advance noted in our last review is fully maintained. We continue to quote prime Ohio Factory, 16@17c; New York do., 17@18c; Ohio Sweitzer, 17@18.

CRANBERRIES—There is a fair demand, but the supply is fully equal to it and prices remain unchanged, ranging from $10 to $15 ₩ bbl, according to quality.

CANNED GOODS—The market is dull, as it usually is at this particular time, as the consuming season has not set in; prices are also nominal, tomatoes are considerably lower than they were a month ago.

COKE—There is still some inquiry and a fair degree of activity, but buyers are not free sellers. What is in ordinarily at this season of the year; prices remain as last quoted; $2.75 ₩ ton, delivered free on cars in Pittsburgh.

CORDAGE & ROPE—Continues dull but prices remain unchanged. Following are the prevailing rates:

MANILLA ROPE.	
½ inch diameter and upward.....	16 cts ₩ lb
⅜ " " " "	16½ "
¼ and 5-16 inch diameter.....	17 "
Tarred Spunyarn Lath Yarn.....	15½ "
Hay, Stave and Leather Twine.....	16½ "
OIL WELL DRILLING CABLES.	
Hawser Laid.....	16 "
" bolt rope yarns.....	17½ "
Sand Pump Rope.....	16 "
SISAL ROPE.	
⅝ and 5-16 inch diameter.....	13½ "
⅜ inch diameter.....	12 "
¼ inch and upward.....	12½ "
Hay, Spoke, Leather and Twine.....	14 "
NEW ZEALAND ROPE.	
½ and 5-16 inch diameter.....	13½ "
⅜ " " "	12 "
¼ " and upward.....	12½ "
Hay Twine.....	12 "
Tarred Lath Twine.....	12 "
JUTE ROPE.	
All sizes.....	12 "
AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN.	
Tarred Rope.....	14 "
" Lath Yarn.....	13 "
" Spun Yarn.....	13 "
" Marline.....	19 "
" Houseline.....	18 "
PACKING.	
American.....	13@18 "
Italian.....	21 "
Patent Lubricating.....	25@30 "
Hash and Bolt Rope.....	20@25 "

CHESTNUTS—The arrivals have slacked off, but the market continues dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, which will remain without quotable change; $2.75@3 ₩ bushel.

DRIED FRUIT—There is no movement as yet in any kind of Dried Fruit, hence there are no established rates; however, while it is difficult to give quotations, those we have given approximate so nearly indicate that prices will rule much lower than last year.

EGGS—The market for fresh receipts has stiffened up considerably since the date of our last review, and, as the supply of fresh was unequal to the demand, prices have consequently advanced. Eggs are in fair supply, and may be quoted at 18@20 cents.

FLOUR—The market for this important staple—"the staff of life"—continues slow and prices are weak and drooping; the demand is restricted almost wholly to supplying the immediate wants of the trade, as there are very few buyers outside of the corporate city limits. Quotations, in a jobbing way, may be fairly stated as follows: Superfine, $5.75@6 for Wisconsins; and $6.25@6.50 for Minnesotas; winters at $6@6.25 for red, and $6.75@7 for white; extra family of the latter. Should the demand for both flour and wheat is small as compared with this time last year, and as long as this continues, no improvement in prices can reasonably be expected. Flour cheaper now than it has been for several years, and it is a good thing for working people, we mean the masses, as work is scarce and wages low. Rye Flour, $5.75, with but little inquiry.

FRESH MEATS—Live Chickens, 5c@6c ₩ pair.

SEEDS—There is no demand for either Timothy or Clover Seeds, hence we omit quotation. Flax seed would sell, but there is none offering in this market.

WINDOW GLASS—Business, while it is not by any means very active, is rather better than can reasonably be expected at this season of the year; prices remain without quotable change. We continue to quote at 80 to 85 ₩ cent. discount off Pittsburgh list.

WHITE LEAD—Trade is quiet, but prices remain unchanged at 10½@11c, as before noted, for smaller lots. In tin packages, one-half to one cent ₩ lb additional.

WOOL—Market is quiet—No 1 ₩ hoop tubs, $9; No 2 two hoop tubs, $8; No 2 two hoop tubs, $7; three hoop pails, $2.25; two hoop pails, $2; keelers, $1.60; tubs and pails, $1.75. Wool-lined boxes, $2.25; Lard-lined boxes, $2.35; Kalamazoo clothes pins, (full count) ₩ box, $1.50; round head clothes pins, ₩ box, $1.

WILLOWS—Sales of extra fine at 11c ₩ lb; medium at 10; large at 8; inferior mixed at 6@7.

ALLEGHENY LIVE STOCK MARKET.—WEEKLY REVIEW.

ALLEGHENY STOCK YARDS, ALLEGHENY, MONDAY, Nov. 2, 1874.

CATTLE.

The number on sale to-day was light, unusually so, but 784 head, against 1,345 head last Monday—showing a falling of of 560 head, or not far from one-half. It is scarcely necessary to add that, with such a large falling off in the supply, the market was a decided improvement over that of last week, and the best evidence on the point in question is that the great bulk of the entire supply had changed hands by ten o'clock to-day, whereas last Monday there was a large number left over unsold, notwithstanding holders were all anxious to close out. The fact is, drovers very generally conceded an improvement, although while there is no question but what sales were made with less difficulty, as the butchers did not hang back as they usually do when there is an oversupply, and while there is no doubt but what some dealers realized better prices, as compared with last Monday, we do not think there was a general advance. One firm informed our reporter that they sold cattle to-day 25 cents per cent, but this was exceptional, not the general rule; the great majority of the dealers, while admitting that there was a more active market, denied that there was any general improvement in prices. We think it not been for the fact that many of the butchers bought a two week's supply last Monday, the selling interest would have to have forced a sharp advance; as it was, the supply, notwithstanding it was light, as compared with what it has been for some time past, was pretty well up to the demand.

QUOTATIONS.

Choice to fancy butcher cattle.....		6.75@7.00	
Prime to extra	"	"	6.25@6.50
Medium to good	"	"	5.50@6.00
Common to fair	"	"	4.50@5.00
Inferior, mixed stock	"	"	2.00@3.00
Bulls, as per quality.....			2.00@3.00

The following shows the number of cattle, together with the names of the owners, and the States they came from:

S Fordyce	Ohio	22	A Frazier Ohio 21
J Cockins	do	22	D L McWilliams do 19
J Beeler	Penna	18	H Nagle Penna 6
P Sheltmantle	do	16	M Fliuner do 12
Lowenstein & A	do	18	J Voester Ohio 13
Sadler & McC	do	29	Varner & S Penna 72
J Neely	Ohio	49	Hartman & Co do 26
J W Sone	Penna	21	A Green Ohio 40
McBride & J	do	13	J Shamberg do 44
W Moonshine	do	18	S Marks & Bro do 76
L Rothschilds	do	20	Holmes J & Co E 75
Lobman & K	do	20	Straub & D Penna 13
I Zeigler	do	19	Holmes L & Co C'go 14
H Katz	Chicago	19	L Rothchilds do 21
L T Pore	Ohio	25	A G Woodruff Ohio 20

Total number on sale..... 784
Total number on sale last week..... 1,345

SALES.

L. McWilliams wholesaled 15 head of mixed Ohio stock, averaging 800, at 2.55.

A. Frazier wholesaled 21 fair 1,000 Ohio steers, to Trautman & Son, at 4¾.

A. Greenwald sold 22 Ohio cows, steers and oxen for S. Fordyce at from 3.00 to 4.00.

S. Marks & Bro. reported 15 extra 1 250 Kentucky steers at 7c, and 61 head of mixed country stock at 5@6¼.

Isaac Zeigler sold 19 head of common Kentucky cows, heifers and steers, averaging from 800@1,200 at 4@5c.

HOME NEWS.

Alarm of Fire.

Shortly after eleven o'clock last night an alarm of fire was struck from box 23, corner of Penn avenue and Ninth street. About five minutes thereafter, another alarm was struck from box 35, and the department responded promptly, only to learn that both alarms were false.

The Fire Commission, we understand, has offered one hundred dollars reward for information leading to the discovery of the party or parties who gave the alarms in each case.

Appointment of Overseers.

Yesterday the Common Pleas Court appointed the following persons overseers of the election which takes place to-day:

Twenty-fourth ward, First district—Edward McTiernan (Democrat) and Thomas Sharkey, (Republican).

Twenty-fourth ward, Second district—Hugh Lafferty (Democrat) and Reynold Payne (Republican).

Twenty-first ward, First district—G. C. C. Rafferty (Democrat) and Daniel McGurk (Republican).

Fifth ward, Second district—Geo. Glass (Republican) and Paul Braddock (Democrat).

Rev. Joseph S. Travelli.

A correspondence is before us between this Reverend gentleman and Chang Laisun, a native of China, who in 1836, when Mr. Travelli was a Missionary and Teacher at Singampore, was a small boy of obscure parentage and in very humble circumstances attending his school. Then and there and from Mr. Travelli he received the rudiments of what has since become a first class education, through which he came to the knowledge and service of the government of the Chinese Empire, and is now its Commissioner residing in this country, Superintending the English education of the Chinese boys sent by their government to this country to be qualified for important official functions at home.

This correspondence has been before us for several days awaiting space in our crowded columns; meantime it has been so extensively published in other journals that it is fairly before the community, and we are relieved from the sense of duty which we felt to print it, both on account of the very interesting nature of the correspondence and as a tribute to our old friend Travelli, for whom, however, such testimony is not needed in the circle of our readers, where he has been so long and well-known as ever exuberant in his efforts and sacrifices for the good of others, as ever aglow with fervid zeal in serving some or other good cause in the interests of his race. Many among us once boys at his school in Sewickley, have grown to mid-life and old age, who cherish for him the tenderest memories, regarding him as a kind of personal *Alma Mater*, whom they dearly love and reverence for his service and kindness to them.

ALLEGHENY COUNCIL COMMITTEES.

Getting Work in Shape for Councils.

The Police Committee of Allegheny Councils met last evening and approved the monthly pay roll amounting to $3,887.25.

The Health Committee met last evening and approved bills to the amount of about $150. They discharged the watchman of the city dump boat.

The Survey Committee met yesterday afternoon and approved bills amounting to $505. Four remonstrances against the opening of River avenue from Federal to Craig street, were taken up, and it was decided to report adverse against granting the remonstrances, for the reason that the street is a necessity and it has already cost considerable.

The petition and remonstrance relative to widening shady avenue were laid over until next year.

THE TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE.

Their Meeting Yesterday Morning.

A large crowd of temperance people assembled in the Alliance rooms yesterday morning. Mr. Thomas Rabe in the chair. The ladies were well represented, and Mrs. Black made a report to the effect that twenty-one saloons had been visited during the last week with various results. Action was taken in reference to Vigilance Committees to serve at the polls to-day, and the following gentlemen were elected to that capacity: Messrs. Clowes and Hethrington, Fourth ward; Rev. Mr. Phipps, Third district, Twelfth ward; Mr. Arthur Kirk, Millvale; Mr. Coursin, North Versailles; Mr. Watt Black, Twenty-third ward; Mr. A. Bender, Fifteenth ward. Several township are without Vigilance Committees. The Secretary, Mr. Warren, was directed to supply Patton township with tickets. After raising money to defray expenses the meeting adjourned.

PITTSBURGH COUNCILS.

Select Council Called Yesterday Afternoon—The Failure For Lack of a Quorum.

A regular meeting of Select Council was called, according to resolution for Monday afternoon, November 2d. At the appointed hour President Gross called the meeting to order, when the following members answered to roll call: Messrs. Adams, Aiken, Anderson, Atkinson, Brown, Bates, Eitemiller, Goldthrope, Harrison, Herron, Hunter, Keebler, Kestner, Knapp, Littell, Murray, Musgrave, McCandless, McClurg, McCune, McFarland, McMahon, O'Neil, Rayburn, Scully, and President Gross.—25.

The call showed there were twelve members short of a quorum, and as it was twenty minutes past two o'clock,

Mr. McCUNE moved to adjourn.

The Chair stated that it was now past the time for the meeting, and that they could wait no longer for a quorum. There was a great deal of business behind hand, and it was to be regretted that a quorum was not present.

Council then adjourned,—or rather the members present, generally disappeared, as there had been no meeting organized.

ALLEGHENY MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Mayor Fleming's Report.

Mayor Fleming submits the following report for the month of October:

ARRESTS MADE.

Disorderly conduct	103
Drunkenness	53
Vagrancy	26
Court charges	41
Violation of city ordinances	3
Violation of health ordinances	2
Suspicious characters	6
Viscious conduct	2
Total	236

DISPOSED OF.

Paid fines	67
Discharged	58
Withdrawn	14
Workhouse	19
Jail	46
Held for trial	25
Reform-school	2
Held over	5

CASH RECEIPTS.

Total fines	$286 00
License	504 00
Breaking lamp	18 25
Total	$808 25

THE DEATH RATE.

Mortality In the City Last Week.

Dr. Snively, Physician to the Board of Health, reports sixty deaths in the city for the week ending Saturday, last as follows:

Accident, 1; burn, 1; gun shot, 1; railroad, 1; apoplexy, 1; Bright's disease, chronic, 2; cancer of breast 1; cholera infantum, 1; consumption, 4; convulsions, 1; diphtheritis, 1; dentition morbid, 1; diarrhea, 2; dysentery, 1; dropsy, 1; erysipelas, 1; exposure, 1; typhoid fever, 8; scarlet fever, 12; puerperal fever, 1; heart, valvular disease, 1; congestion of lungs, 2; meningitis, 3; metro-peritonitis, 1; old age, 2; premature birth, 1; pneumonitis, 2; rheumatism, 2; scrofula, 1 septicemia, 2; whooping cough, 1; total 60. White, 56; colored, 2; Married, 17, single, 39; widows, 3; not stated, 1. Under 1 year, 14, from 1 to 2 years, 2; from 2 to 5, 7; from 5 to 10, 2; from 10 to 15, 1; from 15 to 20, 4; from 20 to 30, 11; from 30 to 40, 7; from 40 to 50, 7; 50 to 60, 4; from 60 to 70, 1; from 70 to 80, 4; from 80 to 90, 1; total 60.

Health Officer Hoch, of Allegheny, reports thirty-nine deaths for the past week, as follows: Typhoid fever, 14; marasamus, 2; old age, 2; diphtheria, 4; scarletina, scarlet fever, measles, capillary bronchitis, hemorrhage, peritonitis, childbirth, stillborn, meningitis, recto vesical fistula, softening of the brain, accident, dysentery, croup, dentition, suffocated by fire, each one. Males, 14; females, 25. Total, 39.

Typhoid fever shows no abatement.

THE NEW CONSTITUTION.

The Right of the People to Vote on the Question—A Decision from the Supreme Court.

Yesterday morning Judge Agnew delivered an opinion in the case of Woods *et al.* vs. Quay *et al.* This is the case testing the constitutionality of the vote on the new Constitution. It will be remembered that the application was made last December in the Court of Common Pleas for an Injunction to prevent the holding of an election for the adoption or rejection of the new Constitution. It was claimed that the people had already voted on the matter in authorizing the Constitutional Convention to be called, and by that vote had made the power of the Convention absolute. Judge Stowe, however, decided against the application, and the vote was accordingly taken. The case was taken to the Supreme Court and reached a decision yesterday, in which the opinion of the lower Court was affirmed.

Chief Justice Agnew delivered the opinion which was quite lengthy. His Honor discussed the proposition of the absolute power of the Convention in all its bearing and was very emphatic in his judgment upon it as illogical and as a principle that, if established, would do away with the liberties of the people. The opinion was endorsed by the Bench unanimously, and concluded in the following words: "In conclusion, we find nothing in the Bill of Rights, in the vote under the act of 1871, or the authority conferred in the act of 1872, nothing in the nature of delegated power, or in the Constitution of the Convention itself, which can justify an assumption that a convention so called, constituted, organized and limited, can take from the people their sovereign right to ratify or reject a constitution or ordinance framed by it or can infuse present life and vigor into its work before its adoption by the people. Decree affirmed."

THE COURTS.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

United States District Court.

(Judge McCandless on the Bench.)

In the matter of A. Ortlieb & Co., bankrupts, of Allegheny city, an order was made empowering assignee to sell furniture and other property at private sale.

The selection of Morris D. Ridgway, as assignee of Snow & Swartz, bankrupts of Bradford county, was approved by the Court.

In the matter of P. Cool & Son, bankrupts, Luzerne county, a petition presented by Frank Hall and A. B. Brundagh, creditors, for the ascertainment and liquidation of certain alleged liens, were referred to Register Willard, of Scranton.

District Court.

(Judge White on the Bench.)

In the case of Martha McD. Smith vs. Holland Biddles administrator, the jury rendered a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $960.

R. S. Hasbrouck and C. Brushnell, assignees and successors of C. W. Grant, vs. John F. Bennett. Judgment of non suit entered. This was a suit to recover the value of 1,200 grape vines, shipped from New York to this city. The plaintiffs failed to make out their case.

Drum et al., for use of Michael Simon, vs. John S. Hall. This is an action on a promissory note for $300. On trial. Court will not be in session to-day.

Common Pleas Court.

(Before Judge Stowe.)

Joseph Mark vs. Engelbert Hartman: action on a promissory note. Verdict for plaintiff for $160.

J. W. Guy vs. J. N. Cunningham. Judgment against the Penn Bank garnishee or elected to be stricken off, as improvidently entered.

Court will not be in session to-day.

Criminal Court.

[Before Judge Sterrett.]

The entire day was consumed in hearing the cases of the Allegheny burglars recently captured, Rufus Connor and Joseph H. McClelland *alias* McMullen. There are eight indictments against them, some for larceny and some for burglary. They have been found guilty of seven and are on trial for the eighth.

Court will not be in session to-day.

United States Circuit Court.

The November term of the United States Circuit Court will commence in this city, Monday next, Judge McKennan presiding. The following is the trial list.

BILLS OF INDICTMENT.

U. S. vs. David D. Williams (two cases); U. S. vs. John McKinley; U. S. vs. Charles H. Harris; U. S. vs. Robert E. Devoe; U. S. vs. R. E. Devoe; U. S. vs. Perry Johnson, (two cases); U. S. vs. John H. Stewart, (three cases).

CIVIL CASES.

Luther C. Cruse, vs. the Kittanning Coal Company, Grover & Baker S. M. Co. vs. Sullivan Baker and Jarius Hess; Samuel Coyle vs. Security Life Insurance Co.; Henry Tauszky vs. Jos. S. Finch & Co.; Wm. Y. Cyrode for use vs. Geo. Albree; Joseph F. Williams vs. S. K. Kane & Co.; A. G. Goodrich vs. the Dunbar Iron Company; Grover & Baker S. M. Co. vs. Maria Inglis, et al.; Josiah Caldwell vs. M. A. Cox; John Jones vs. Phillips Brothers; Andrew J. Stephens vs. Morgan Ketchum, et al.; Bernard L. Meister vs. F. S. Bissel, et al.; Bernard S. Meister vs. Robert C. Moore, et al.; the Merchants National Bank of Ohio vs Henry Bell; the Merchants National Bank of Ohio vs. McCartney & Turner; J. R. Grayson, assignee of the Republic Insurance Company, vs. S. L. Thurlow; Geo. J. Boal vs. J. L. Grandin et al.; Sylvester Little vs. J. W. Duncan; J. M. Kennedy, assignee of J. A. Frost vs. the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Company; J. Q. Dickinson, assignee of W. H. Denton vs. John J. Carter; John Graham et al. vs. Wm. Ruby et al.; Ralsa Clark vs. J. J. Duncan et al.; the Potsgrouth Savings Bank vs. Jacob Hill; the Bliss S. M. Co. vs. the Enterprise Trading Co.; E. S. Pike vs. the E. & P. R. R. Co.; Allen & Wheeler vs. S. S. Clark; Wm. J. Radcliffe, assignee of K. Brett & Son vs. David Hostetter.

SUITS IN EQUITY.

John S. McMillin et al. vs. Jas. Reese et al.; P. H. Lawrence et al. vs. Patterson, Mitchell & Co.; W. A. Hawthorn vs. J. R. Jennings et al.; George S. Tuttle vs. J. R. Jennings et al.; Wm. Shoup et al. vs. Jacob Henrici, trustees of the Harmony Society.

State Supreme Court.

(Chief Justice Agnew Presiding.)

The following judgments were entered yesterday morning:

Edward Shaskey et al. vs. Joseph A. Vegna et al. Error to the common pleas of Crawford county. Judgment affirmed.

W. McMillen, John Quinton et al. vs. the First National bank of Forest county; appeal. Error to common pleas of Forest county. Judgment affirmed.

The Wyoming Fire Insurance Company vs. the South Erie Iron Works. Error to the common pleas of Erie. Judgment affirmed.

M. H. Collins et al. vs. the Second National bank of Titusville. Error to the common pleas of Crawford county. Judgment affirmed.

Charles H. Prescott vs. Wm. H. Barkwatter et al. Error to the common pleas of Crawford county. Judgment affirmed.

Howe & Angell vs. McVay, Walker & Co. Error to Common Pleas of Venango county. Judgment affirmed.

John Williams et al. vs. Jane Williams. Appeal from Upham's Court, Westmoreland county. Judgment affirmed, with costs and appeal dismissed.

Jasper H. Dingman et al. vs. Andrew T. Nichols. Error to the Common Pleas of Crawford county. Judgment affirmed.

E. D. Metcher et al., the Producers and Manufacturers' Bank of Titusville, vs. James Blakely et al. Error to the Common Pleas of Crawford county. Judgment affirmed.

W. K. Vandegrift vs. E. C. Hoag. Error to the Common Pleas of Venango county. Judgment affirmed.

N. Snyder & V. Havelock et al. vs. John A. Carothers. Error to the Common Pleas of Clarion county. Judgment affirmed.

James McCullough et al. and Road Commissioners vs. Gordon Bertis, *certiorari* to the Common Pleas of Erie county. Judgment affirmed.

In a public road in Westmoreland county, *certiorari to* Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland county. Order affirmed and the costs ordered to be paid by the plaintiffs in error.

In a private road in Loyalhanna township, *certiorari* Quarter Sessions of Westmoreland county. The return of the writ *certiorari* in the case is defective. Writ of *certiorari* quashed.

The borough of Conemaugh vs. Wamy Schnable. Error to Common Pleas of Cambria county. Judgment affirmed.

Wm. Goper et al. vs. John Sawyer et al., an appeal from the decision of the court of common pleas of Armstrong county. Dismissed at costs of appellants.

Harmey Vensel, assignee of Susan Vensel, widow, vs. Louis Colner, appeal from the common pleas of Clarion county. Dismissed at costs of plaintiff.

At the conclusion of the reading of the opinions the case of the Columbia Conduit Company vs. the Pennsylvania Railroad was argued by Robert Woods and Thomas M. Marshall for plaintiff in error, and Messrs. Hampton & Dalzell contra.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following deeds were filed for record since our last report:

Sidney P. Maderia et al. to J. F. Johnson, August 11, 1874; lot in Fifth ward, Allegheny, 50x130 feet, with buildings. Price $9,000

Same as above to Sullivan Johnson, August 11, 1874; lot in Fifth ward, Allegheny, 50x130 feet, with buildings. Price $9,000

Archibald McDonagh to Ann McDonagh, October 17, 1874; two lots in Eighteenth ward, city, with buildings. Price $1,600

H. W. Ciniotte to James B. Coyle, September 13, 1873; lot in Sixteenth ward, city, 20x122 feet. Consideration $1

Peter C. Beall to same as above, October 8, 1874; two irregular lots in Wilkins township. Consideration $1

Henry W. Ciniotte and wife to same as above, Sept. 17, 1873; lot in Sixteenth ward, city, 20x122 feet. Price $3,600

William Hageman and wife to Jane McIvon, October 1, 1874; lot in Twenty-third ward, city. Price $900

Richard Harper et al. to Samuel Harper, June 1, 1874; lot in Thirty-fifth ward, city, 20x80 feet with buildings. Price $500

William Hageman and wife to Frances Forsney, Oct. 1, 1874; lot in Twenty-third ward, city, 55x84 feet. Price $900

John Cline et ux. to John H. Scott, Oct. 12, 1874; four lots in Eighteenth ward, city, 80x108 feet with buildings. Price $2,200

S. K. Kue and wife to Jas. L. Carnaghan, Oct. 26, 1874, lot in First ward, city, 20x150 feet. Price $12,500

Giles Fowlkes to James Dawson, August 19, 1873; lot in Allegheny, 18½x80 feet. Price $400

James Dawson and wife to Francis Grant, Aug. 9, 1874; lot in Allegheny, 18½x80 feet. Price $425

Patrick Smith and wife to same as above, Aug. 14, 1874; part of lot in Allegheny, 7 inches by 22 feet. Price $20

William L. Penny and wife to Andrew Craighead, May 17, 1873; undivided one-fifth interest in a lot in Elizabeth borough, with buildings. Price $747

O. F. Bockstiez et ux. to Edward G. Walker, October 14, 1874; two irregular lots in Nineteenth ward, city, in R. E. McGowan's plan, with buildings. Price $4,800

Benjamin Brazzell et ux. to Alexander Kerr, May 4, 1874; lot in Wilkins township containing 1 acre and 122 perches more or less with buildings Price $441

Martha M. Limbstactter to Ann M. Kennedy, October 30, 1874; lot in Thirteenth ward, in plan laid out by Robert Robb, trustee of John D. Mason and wife, 24x120 feet. Consideration $1

Frederick Blacke and wife to Matilda Friend, April 7, 1874; lot in Eleventh ward, city, 22 feet 3 inches by 75 feet with buildings. Price $4,600

M. A. McSwigger to John Hooper, August 1, 1874; lot in Sixth ward, city, 22 feet 9 inches by 60 feet. Price $600

J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 Wood Street.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Stereoscopes and Stereoscope Views.
Has the largest and most complete lines of Sterescope Views ever brought to the city, comprising all the views made by the several Celebrated Stereoscopic Artists of England, Ireland, Scotland, France, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Italy and America.

Ladies Watches.
Flat back, Oval, Stem and Key winding Ladies Gold Watches all prices, at Geo. W. Biggs, No. 159 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth avenue.

Dr. Gale French,
DENTIST,
258 Penn avenue.

WORK AMONG THE NEEDY.

The Report of the Ladies' Relief Association for the Past Year—What Has Been Accomplished—The Needs for the Future.

We publish the following report by request of the Ladies' Relief Association, and we hope our readers will read and carefully ponder the contents. The number and character of the beneficiaries, the amount and variety of relief extended, number of visits to distressed families, &c., &c., must we think stir the heart and open the purse of every humane reader:

ANNUAL REPORT.

The Ladies' Association for the Relief of the Poor of Allegheny, will begin its usual winter work, Wednesday November 4th, 1874.

The name of the society and its object are so well known that it is scarcely necessary to present any detailed statement to the public; but a few words in regard to the work accomplished last winter as well as that to be done during the coming season, may not be amiss.

In the winter of 1873-74 our managers made 1,067 visits; relieved 385 families, comprising 230 widows besides other adults, and about 1,200 children. They distributed 15,658 bushels of coal, 3,635 barrels of flour, 78 pounds of rice, 86½ pounds of sugar, 101 pounds of coffee, 17½ pounds of tea, 27 pounds of soap, 55 quarts of molasses, 34½ packages of corn meal, 86 quarts of beans, 19 packages of potatoes, 2,801 pairs of shoes, 1,401½ yards of flannel, 1031½ yards of jean, 759½ yards of calico, 642 yards of muslin, 2 yards of drilling, 68½ yards of dress goods, 124 yards of canton flannel, about 1,000 half worn garments, and a number of new garments (some of our church and Sunday schools and individuals. For both new and old, we—in the name of those to whose comfort they added greatly—return thanks to the donors.

We also acknowledge the receipt of 150 coal orders—3,750 bushels—from the Charles Brewer Fund, for which the trustees will please accept our thanks. We received other donations of coal, groceries, shoes, &c., which we take this opportunity of publicly acknowledging. From Messrs. Rogers & Burchfield 1,000 bushels of coal, Mr. Addison Irwin 300 bushels, Mr. Thompson Bell $25.00 worth of shoes, Mrs. Patterson $5.00 worth of shoes, the Messrs. Grier a large quantity of coal.

A supper given by some of the ladies of the society in December helped our treasury, adding several hundred dollars to our funds.

Our rule, to visit in every case before granting relief, was not broken in one instance. The Butchers, Run district and the hills near it were quite inaccessible to a lady during part of last winter, and aid was given there, in some cases when the applicant could present a note from the German minister vouching for the truth of the story told, but in all other cases our rule has been and is, that the means of relief which the generosity of the people places at our disposal shall be dispensed only after visiting and making careful inquiries. We try to avoid the imposition which individuals in their private capacity do not have our opportunities for discovering.

Usually we try to avoid giving to families containing able bodied men, but last winter the closing of so many of our manufactories threw upon us the task of giving help to many persons whose husbands or sons had always before been able to supply their needs, and for the same reason we shall probably have quite as much or more to do this season. Many families have merely succeeded in procuring food during the past summer, and are entering upon the winter without any provision made, and but little prospect of work.

Our managers expect to begin collecting immediately, and we know that it will only be necessary for them to make their usual calls, to meet with the kind reception and generous response which have always greeted them, in this, the hardest and most trying part of all their winter's work.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

Miss Mary V. Thompson, Treasurer, in account with Ladies' Relief Society of Allegheny.

Dr.

To Gentlemens' subscriptions		$1,852 25
To Ladies' subscriptions		689 30
To general donations		318 27
To anniversary supper		72 00
To cash from Rafferty's estate		20 00
To cash from fees and fines		1 85
To cash from Real Estate Trust Co.		1 00
To cash from John A. Davidson, Christmas money		25
To cash from three little girls and brother, Bessie, Ella, Annie and Abe Stephenson		4 80
To cash from interest on Patterson and fortification funds		72 06
To cash from Thanksgiving collection First and North Presbyterian churches		228 00
To cash from Thanksgiving col. Central U. P. church		16 00
To cash from Thanksgiving col. Central Pres. church		37 75
To cash from Thanksgiving col. Christ Episcopal church		90 00
To cash from Thanksgiving col. Christ Episcopal Sunday School		20 00
To cash from Thanksgiving col. First Methodist church		4 55
To cash from Thanksgiving col. Sixth U. P. church		53 00
To cash, St. Andrews' church, Pittsburgh		$ 111 50
To cash, Meth. and Pres. churches, Woods Run		8 00
To cash, Pres. church, Leetsdale		26 44
		$3,863 51
Cr.		
By cash paid for dry good	$ 695 05	
" " Groceries	267 60	
" " Shoes	615 50	
" " Coal	1,872 88	
" " Comforts	7 30	
" " Carpet sacks	25	
" " Funeral expenses	10 00	
Paid out by Managers	157 35	
" " Sexton	10 00	
Balance in Treasury	224 71	
	$3,863 51	

President—Miss Mary Herron, 67 Union avenue.

Vice Presidents—Mrs. F. R. Brunot, 50 Stockton avenue; Mrs. R. S. Hays, 6 Stockton avenue.

Treasurer—Mrs. R. D. Thompson, Sewickley.

Secretary—Mrs. A. P. Morrison, Fremont street.

THE POOR GUARDIANS.

Business Disposed of at Yesterday's Meeting—That Resolution From Councils—The Inmates of the Alms House.

The Board of Guardians of the Poor held a regular meeting yesterday afternoon at their office on Fourth avenue. The minutes of the previous meeting were read by the Secretary, when Mr. Rowley objected to the wording of a resolution offered by him and which he thought was incorrectly entered on the minutes. The resolution provided for the appointment of a special committee to make all necessary improvements connected with the gas, heating and water apparatus, &c., at the poor farm. Mr. Hartley objected to the "&c." as giving the Committee almost too much power, and said he would vote against it. This caused an entertaining little squabble between Messrs. Rowley and Hartley, which, however, did not exhibit any dangerous symptoms. Mr. Hartley claimed that Rowley was his own business, while Mr. Rowley was not so certain that he did. Mr. Rowley's motion to so amend the minutes as to include his understanding of the resolution was finally passed.

Dr. Geo. Purviance physician in the First District, reported 77 visits and 25 office patients during the week. Dr. Hunsberger, of the South Side District, reported 75 visits and 120 office patients, and Dr. McCandless, of the Second District, reported 181 visits and 89 office patients. Dr. Ward, physician to the City Poor Farm, reported that last month eight cases were admitted to the hospital, five were discharged and twenty are now under treatment. There were three births and no deaths. All of the reports were received and filed.

Mr. Wm. Bullock, Superintendent of the City Alms House, submitted the following report of the inmates for October:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
In house Oct. 1, 1874	169	92	261
Rec'd during month	23	17	40
	192	109	301
Less discharges and elopements	15	9	24
Bal. in house Oct 1, 1874	177	100	277

Making an increase of sixteen during the month. Ninety-five tramps were accommodated with lodgings and one hundred and ninety-three with meals.

A resolution from the City Councils requesting the Board to keep one of its two secretaries at its office during certain hours on Sunday was read, and Mr. Rowley moved that it be laid over until the next meeting. During the discussion which followed, the following brief conversation took place, and at this time it will be read with interest:

Mr. Rowley—I would like to know what Councils have to do with this body anyhow?

Mr. Kincaid—I don't know myself, but it is very evident that they would like to have something to do. The rules of this Board provide that the Secretary shall remain in the office during certain hours on every day of the week except Sunday, and it is with us to decide whether he shall be directed to do as Councils wish.

Mr. Hartley—I think the communication had better be received and filed, out of respect any how.

Mr. Rowley.—Well, if any member does not wish it to lay over until the next meeting I withdraw my motion to that effect.

The communication was then received and placed on file.

On motion of Mr. Fitzsimmons the Secretary was instructed to confer with the Solicitor of the Board, and ascertain what the law is regarding the payment to the Board of fines inflicted by magistrates for violations of the liquor law.

A number of bills were approved and ordered to be paid. The balance in the Treasury is $35,150.92.

Adjourned.

STEREOSCOPE
Stereoscope Views.
Stereoscope Views.
Lang's Italy,
Govel's London,
Anthony's Yellowstone,
England's Statuary,
Gems of Ireland,
German Groups,
Wilson's Scotch,
Vienna Beauties,
Burr's Colored Groups,
and upwards of 75 other lines American and foreign at the Stereoscope Card Emporium of
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
No. 101 Wood street.

AMUSEMENTS.

Opera House.—"The Sphinx."

Feuillet's drama entitled "The Sphinx," was presented for the first time in this city, last evening at the Opera House. It is the story of a wild and wayward woman, *Blanche de Chelles*, (Miss Jane Coombs) whose demon of unrest has been only half fettered by a conventional marriage, and who finds in the highly wrought pleasures of fashionable society diversion which gives at least temporary forgetfulness. She loves in secret the husband *Henri de Savigney*, (Mr. Gotthold) of her best friend *Bertha de Savigney*, (Miss Troy) and her love is as secretly returned, neither being aware of the existence of such an affection in the breast of the other. The scene is laid in the neighborhood of Paris, and the four acts present different apartments in the house of *Admiral de Chelles*, father-in-law of the heroine, an opening in the wood close by, and a room in the Chateau de Savigney, where live the heroine's intimate friend and her husband. To these three is the main action of the piece limited. *Bertha de Savigney* has her jealousy suddenly roused by a harmless passage of words between her husband and *Blanche de Chelles*, and the latter, in a desperate determination to undiscover her, agrees to fly with a convenient and erratic lord—*Lord Astley* (Mr. Price)—who has been dangling patiently in her suite of admirers for a twelvemonth. *Bertha* learns her guilty intent, and urges her husband to prevent its execution. He presents himself at the appointed rendezvous before the arrival of the newly elected lover, and intercepts *Blanche*; in their hurried and passionate talk the secret of each becomes known to the other, disclosure which is overheard by the faithful and hitherto unhappy wife. In the final act the wife discovers letters written by her life-long friend to her husband, and charges her who has thus far yielded only to a romantic passion with the worst of guilt. *Blanche*, in her difficulty drops the contents of her ring into a glass of water, with the intention apparently of poisoning her rival. But a minute's hesitation convinces her of the enormity of the crime she would commit, and she swallows the poison herself, and dies in *Bertha's* presence. Thus commences, proceeds, and closes this Frenchy romance.

The play has a mystery about it until revealed at the end of the third act, and then the interest flags and is disturbing. The situation and incidents are such as one might anticipate from the author's well-known style, and yet there is nothing in the play to shock the moral sensibilities or refined taste. The costumes appointments, and costumes in some of the scenes were so rich that they drew forth almost as hearty plaudits as the actors themselves. The company was generally supported. Miss Coombs very well, and despite some brief delays, incident to a first performance, the play ran smoothly and well.

The play will be repeated this evening and until further notice.

The Inaugural Entertainment.

To-night the series of entertainments and lectures under the auspices of the Library Association will be inaugurated by a grand concert by J. R. Thomas & Concert Company, who come here highly commended from the East. If the half that is written of them be true, it will be an entertainment of rare enjoyment. Some idea of the pleasure to be enjoyed may be gathered from the programme, which is as follows:

1. Scherzo—"Le Dernier Sourire"..... Wollenhaupt
   Mr. C. H. Pratt.
2. Cavatina—"Infelice, (Ernani)..... Verdi
   Mr. J. R. Thomas.
3. Aria—"Bid me Discourse"..... Bishop
   Madam Dowland.
4. Scena—"The Storm"..... Hullah
   Miss Barron.
5. Song—"Bonnie Dundee"..... Scotch
   Mr. J. R. Thomas.
6. Trio—"The Fairies"..... Calcott
   Madam Dowland, Miss Barron and Mr. Thomas.
7. Meditation—"Last Hope"..... Gottschalk
   Mr. C. H. Pratt.
8. Duett—"I Puritani"..... Labussi
   Madam Dowland and Mr. Thomas.
9. Song—"Aparti"..... Thomas
   Miss Barron.
10. Scotch Ballad—"Jack o' Hazeldean"..... ——
    Madam Dowland.
11. Song—"Simon the Cellarer," (by request)..... Hutton
    Mr. J. R. Thomas.
12. Laughing Trio..... Martine
    Madam Dowland, Miss Barron and Mr. Thomas.

Concert in Allegheny.

Considerable interest is felt in musical circles in the approaching concert to be given next Friday evening under the auspices of the Arch Street M. E. Church. The choir is to be assisted by the Allegheny Philharmonic Society and Orpheus Club. The entertainment is under the personal direction of Prof. W. B. Slack, one of the best musical drill-masters in our community. A varied programme has been arranged and the concert is certain to be very enjoyable.

Grand Regalia Ball.

The first grand ball under the auspices of Loyal Orange Lodge No. 45, will be given at Lafayette Hall, on Thursday evening next, to which the public generally and the city will be admitted. The gentlemen composing the committee of arrangements are Messrs. John Murray, Samuel Brown, Joseph Scott, James Young, Henry Elkin, and William E. Stevenson, all of whom understand their business perfectly. The floor managers are William Elkin, Robt G. Parken, John M. Killen, James Boyd, William M. Moore, Fred. Park, and Robert Boyd. Those who attend may anticipate spending a pleasant evening.

Gymnastic Exhibition.

A Grand Gymnastic Exhibition is to be given by the Allegheny City Gymnastic Club, at Turner Hall, corner of South Canal and Cherry streets, Allegheny, on Thursday (Thanksgiving) evening, the 26th. The entertainment will conclude with a ball. These entertainments are amusing and in every sense enjoyable.

Musical and Dramatic Notes.

MAJILTONS are claimed to be equal to the Voke by the Eastern papers.

NICOLINI, the tenor, sings in opera in Madrid until December. He then proceeds to Rome.

SPITEFUL people in Paris says that Patti has not sung in that city since its misfortunes.

ADELINA PATTI sang in "Faust," at the Salle Ventadum, Paris, previous to her departure for Russia.

PEOPLE out West who have been to see Oliver Twist in the "country goods drama" are "pining for a circus."

CARL ROSA'S English opera troupe drew large houses at the beginning of this month at Sheffield, England.

MISS ALICE MAY has been carrying the susceptible opera-goers of New Zealand by storm in English opera.

AGNES BOOTH plays Juliet at the California theatre on the 2nd of November. She will remain two weeks.

JENNY LIND has been appointed on the professional staff of the Rhenish high school of music, Wiesbaden.

SIMMONDS & WALL, the dramatic agents, are engaging a company to support Miss Bessie Darling in her starring tour through the provinces.

THE Kellogg Company gave two nights and a matinee of English opera at Louisville last week. They opened at DeBar's, St. Louis, to-day.

THE Adelaide Phillips concert company appeared in London, Canada, on the 4th inst., with considerable success. Mr. Tom Kart, the tenor, received high praise for his rendering of Millard's "Waiting."

MR. SAMUEL COLVILLE has made arrangements with Williams and Bird for a series of concerts throughout the country, in which Miss Violetta Colville, the young prima donna, whose recent debut at Booth's was so successful, will appear.

MR. BRONSON HOWARD, the author of the comedy of "Moorcroft," "Saratoga," and other American plays, has written a new play, which will be produced in the kind things said about him and his attempts to produce an American comedy. The list looks as though Jack Falstaff had made it up against one of his enemies.

RIVER OBSTRUCTIONS,

The Coal Exchange Watching Its Interests.

The Coal Exchange held a meeting yesterday morning, Capt. A. J. Bigly in the chair. Mr. Lysle from the Committee appointed to interview the Mayor regarding the throwing of dirt and refuse matter of all kinds into the Monongahela river near the Councilsville depot, stated that the Mayor had informed him that there is an ordinance in existence prohibiting the very thing the coal men complain of. He also stated that the change should notify the Wharfmaster to arrest all parties violating the ordinance. The Wharfmaster has already posted up a placard notifying parties to carry their dirt elsewhere, and has stationed an officer to see that the law is enforced. The report was received and filed.

Mr. Stone from the Committee appointed to have the bar in the Monongahela near the Pan Handle Railroad removed, stated that there had been several proposals made to them to remove it, one from the owner of a dredge boat who offered to remove it for $100 a day, and another proposal offering to remove it at the rate of thirty cents a yard, and to wheel it upon the bank of the rives. A paper for voluntary contributions to carry out the above work was handed around, and liberal amounts were signed.

On motion of Mr. Lysle the Exchange adjourned to take a look at the bar—a sand bar remember.

The Lovers of Fine Stereoscope Views

Can now find at home a line of views which embraces everything and every line of any note or reputation, either Foreign or American, Colored or Plain, from the lowest prices to the finest and most artistic made, at

J. R. WELDIN & CO.'S,
101 Wood street.

An Elegant Ridge Avenue Building Site.

For sale, 75 feet on Ridge avenue by 120 to an alley. This property is situated on one of the most fashionable, desirable and convenient portions of Allegheny City, near the elegant residences of Lincoln and Allegheny avenues and other fine portions on Ridge. Any person looking for a site for a home would do well to examine it. Will make terms and prices advantageous to buyers. Enquire of A. R. Carpenter, Pennsylvania Railroad metal yard, corner of Seventh avenue and Grant streets, Pittsburgh. TTH

Ladies Watches.

The largest assortment of Ladies Gold Watches in the city to be found at Geo. W. Biggs, No. 159 Smithfield street, four doors above Sixth avenue.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

The Opening Last Night at the Fifth Avenue Theatre—The Games of the Afternoon and Evening—Personal Description of Vignaux, Ubassy and Other Leading Knights of the Cue—Pierson, of Erie, Beaten by Davis, of Pittsburgh.

The formal opening of the State Billiard Tournament took place last night at the Fifth Avenue Theatre, and may be considered a success in every respect. The attendance was quite large, and the interest manifested very commendable, augurring well for the balance of the week. Quite a number of well known billiardists got in yesterday morning, and more are expected to-day. Among the arrivals were Vignaux and Ubassy, the celebrated French players, and it is their cue-handling as much as anything else that the public wishes to see. Yesterday afternoon an exhibition was given by Messrs. Vignaux and Ubassy for the entertainment and edification of the members of the press. They played a game of 200 points, Vignaux winning by six points, Ubassy scoring 194. The former's highest run was 41 and the latter's 20. These gentlemen also opened the tournament last night, in a three ball game of 200 points, which resulted in a victory for Ubassy by 125 points, Vignaux only scoring 75 in the entire game. Eighteen innings were played, the runs being as follows:

VIGNAUX.